THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1869. | VOLUME II.--NUMBER 94

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 6.

☞ A wire has been made in England, 5¼ inches round, 412¼ miles long and 60 tons heavy.

☞ See Fourth Page.

☞ A paragraph has been going the rounds of the press, that General Breckinridge suggested that military titles be dropped in court.

The Montgomery Advertiser doubts the fact, but questions its propriety, if true. It favors no disposition to repudiate illustrious Confederate titles.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

New Zealand Paper—Mining.

Mr. Parsons has furnished us a New Zealand paper, published at Auckland. It is called the "Weekly Herald," and is a fine, large, newsy sheet. New Zealand is a part of Australasia—the Botany Bay land of England—the bank where its bad human currency is deposited, to restrain its general circulation.

New Zealand has 95,000 square miles and 120,000 people.

The paper is particular interesting for its mining intelligence. An immense number of companies are at work. The traffic in mining shares seems to somewhat resemble the gold gambling in New York. There is so much lottery about the thing, that it has all the fascination of gambling, if it really does not come under that classification. The miners seem well repaid where they can get four ounces of gold to a ton of crushed rock, though lower receipts than this are common. Forty-two tons of the Loyalty mine, yielded only 68 ounces. The name must hurt it, that is, if it means there that the Radicals make it mean here. The Shamrock mine averages 13½ ounces to the ton. The Long Drive Claim, which is claimed as surpassed by none, furnished from April, to the 26th of June, 6,375 ounces of gold, worth $83,665. The greatest depth gone in this mine, was 94 feet.

One mine, says the Morning Star, has furnished $842,205 altogether. The great mass of the claims are worked by stock companies.

The total amount of gold lodged in the Auckland Banks for the year ending April, was 128,182 ounces, worth $1,682,385. The number of passengers that came was 51,875, or three times the population of the place. The New Zealanders are very much in need of girls to work. We think Sambo could spare several of the white young school marms.

The authorities seem to be having some trouble with the natives who are rising against the Government.

The administration seems to be in a muddle. The colonial parliament were discussing a "Want of Confidence" motion against the ministry. The debate resulted in a passage of the motion by a large majority, whereupon the ministry resigned.

How long would our State administration, or government, or whatever it is, the *present* Executive is running, stand if a vote of Want of Confidence could heave it out? No such flimsy proceeding will start a Radical from his grip on office.

The butter, eggs, and chicken market clear off in that new country is about the same as in Atlanta.

STATE CORRESPONDENCE.

Some Practical Suggestions About Free Schools.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 3, 1869.

Editors Constitution: So you Atlantese have set your hearts upon devising a system of common schools. Accept the congratulations of your correspondent thereupon. I felt, when last in your progressive city, that you could not long suffer this important matter to remain in abeyance. With a teeming, working, wide-awake population you will, in inaugurating and perfecting such a system of schools as you desire, meet with fewer obstacles than you anticipate. Atlantese will, I am sure, prove themselves equal to the occasion. The first thing is to get every class of your people interested. Discuss the subject. Discussion must needs provoke inquiry; earnest inquiry is truth itself discovered.

Start right. Let the system to be adopted, provide for *graded* schools. From $10,000 to $15,000 per annum, will compensate a City Superintendent of schools, (an officer you will find to be absolutely indispensable,) and at least twenty competent teachers. If you have no school buildings, you can rent, until year by year, you find yourselves able to erect neat and improved ones.

By all means, keep your school affairs out of the hands of a political body. A live Board of Education, composed of twelve of your most public spirited citizens, will constitute the best management. Let four be elected for *three* years, and four for *two* years, and four for *one* year. Then you will always have the counsel of experienced men. The school will be, by this means, guarded against sudden changes, which are hurtful to every interest.

How cheering it is to the friends of free public instruction, to note the greatly increased, and rapidly increasing interest manifested by the people throughout our beloved State, in a subject of such vital consequence to all! On, then, with the great and good work. If our children are properly educated, we shall have no fears of tyrants.

Success to you, Atlantese, in your laudable undertaking. A. B.

General Lee, at Virginia Springs.

From the Macon Telegraph.]

At first, Northern visitors were consigned to isolation, but the intervention of that august and grand man of the age, General Lee, soon put everything on a footing of friendliness and cordiality. Our informant says it was worth a pretty to see with what ease and dignity General Lee collared and whipped sectional proscription. Entering the drawing room, one morning, he was immediately, as ever, the centre of an animated throng of Southern ladies, to whom he pointed out a little group in one corner sitting in awkward and unwelcome abstraction. He inquired who they were, and was told with a shrug, that they were Northern people—yankees. If that be true, said he, they are strangers, and we must show them some attention. Then, with a graceful apology, he left the fair Virginia throng and approaching the strangers, introduced himself as "Mr. Robert E. Lee," and begged the pleasure of their acquaintance. In a few moments his genial example was followed by everybody in the room, and sectional proscription was voted down unanimously ever after. A liberal, cosmopolitan spirit was inaugurated, and the White Sulphur became delightful to guests from every part of the country. Hereafter, it will undoubtedly take the first rank among American summer resorts.

Ohio Radical exchanges assert that if the people's tickets in Hamilton and Lucas counties are elected "the next Legislature pears democratic beyond a question." It appears not so much a want of "harmony" as of men to anticipate reverney of another sort.

Prison-Life in Camp Douglas.

PAPER NO. VII.

For The Constitution.]

OTHER VILE PUNISHMENTS.

Reaching for rations, standing in line for hours in burning sun and biting cold, suspension by the thumbs, and the horse, were the usual forms of torture resorted to on these occasions. Let room be taken for two instances only of the hundreds that can be established by evidence piled mountain high. At roll-call one morning, it was discovered that the men of the Second Kentucky cavalry, in performing their ablutions, had spilled a few basins of water on the sand. It did no harm, for it was midsummer, when a flood would have sunk readily into the arid earth; but it was an infringement of a paltry, tyrannizing law, and the whole regiment paid the penalty by standing in line motionless, without breakfast, from sunrise until past meridian, under a sun so powerful that a number sank down overpowered, and were borne off to the barracks. Under such an ordeal, all were forbidden to shift position, and the weakest were not allowed to lean upon a stronger comrade for support. At another time, the same regiment was assembled in groups on the sunny side of the regimental barracks. It was in winter, and the first sunshine, after a storm. The keeper of the garrison colors took occasion to run the bunting up to dry. When the flag reached about half mast the halliards parted, and the stars and stripes went sailing down to leeward, like a kite without a string. To the Second Kentucky it was an incident varying the wearisome monotony, exactly as the mere upstarting of a rabbit has been to fagged out soldiers a thousand times over, and in the same common, reacting impulse, the whole regiment started up and gave a rousing cheer. But by the officers of the garrison it was construed as an indignity to the "old flag." Captain Gaffney came down in wrath, cursed the regiment in vilest terms as a set of *cowards*—boasted that his single company could "whip" them all! As a tangible token to the chivalric prowess to be found in that same company, he drew his pistol and struck one of the helpless men heavily on the head with it. After more abuse the regiment was marched into the Federal square and forced to stand in line for hours, beneath the outraged banner of a glorious nation. Gracefully and proudly the broad folds rustled above men who had full often swept them from the red front of battle, and trampled them in the dust of many a rushing onset.

Stringent orders were given to the guards to shoot the first man that moved from the position of a soldier. A man moved and a guard fired. With their usual unskillfulness the Yankee missed his man; but the bullet tore through the files, killing two unoffending men, and desperately wounding the third. From that red sand, the blood of murdered men cried out into the ear of a just, avenging God; and in the dark tangles of the "Wilderness," and at the "Mine" in front of Petersburg, the bolts of vengeance fell. In the Northern details of these battles we read how Gaffney's regiment was half destroyed and finally annihilated; how the Colonel was shot while running from his post, and how Captain Hooker DeLand was stripped of his shoulder-straps on open parade and sentenced to the Dry Tortugas for flagrant cowardice in the face of the advancing enemy. Such were the men who outraged defenseless prisoners.

SUSPENSION BY THUMBS

was also a severe form of punishment. There are enough men living who will testify that the cords were strong and well stretched by their bodies. This and the dungeon were reserved for grave transgressions, such as holding "treasonable" communication with friends by bribery or stratagem, and attempting to escape; for the Yankees visited this last with severest punishment, although the commandant himself, in a printed order, once inadvertently admitted that to escape, if possible, was the soldierly duty of the prisoner of war.

THE DUNGEON.

When the prison was partitioned, the "White Oak Dungeon" was fenced outside the boundaries of Little Dixie. But a new one was immediately built inside, hard by the gate. It was a low, square, solid, structure, without light or ventilation, save what was supplied by two small openings, about six inches across each way. These openings were diamond shaped, and with grim soldierly humor the men christened the thing the "deuce of diamonds." The deliberate diabolism of this institution can not be comprehended without some unpleasant details. As has been said, it was unventilated, except by two small openings six inches across. These were provided with lock-shutters, so that the narrow cell could be wholly shut in from heaven's pure air and blessed light at option of the keepers. But this was only the intial step in an inhuman plan of torture. The dungeon was built directly over the sewer, which drained off the excretion of twelve thousand men, and from that foul passage a direct channel was opened up into the dungeon, and through this channel the vitiating gases were constantly pouring and poisoning the life-blood of the men compelled to breathe and live in an atmosphere so pent-up and polluted.

Hence, it was, that the dungeon was the terrible synonym of dread, and that a summons thither was like an order of execution. The barrel shirt, reaching for rations, standing line, the horse, the ball and chain, and other *mild* forms of punishment, were set apart for a thousand sins, too various and trivial for mention.

SIDNEY HARRINGTON.

Georgia News.

Rev. C. H. Cole, will preach at St. Mark's Parish, Brunswick.—*Brunswick Appeal.*

Miss Mattie Sawrie dead.—*Rome Commercial.*

Judge Stilwell and Mr. Dave Patterson are highly pleased with their new Swiss laborers.—*Griffin Star.*

The negroes of Savannah have had a meeting, and pledged support of the Conservative ticket.—*Savannah News.*

Mr. R. M. Orme, of the Milledgeville Recorder, contemplates moving to Brunswick this winter.

Gainesville is looking up—property changing hands—new citizens coming in. Frost.—*Gainesville Eagle.*

The Savannah Free Schools are opening their fall session. In 18 schools, there are 2,235 pupils entered. Savannah has reason to be proud of her school system.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

The Albany News is opposed to Gov. Bullock sending a train for the visitors to the Fair, but thinks the discussion untimely over the Committee's action in inviting certain objectionable men.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has recently been enlarged and improved. With our gallant, sprightly friend, Avery at the wheel, it is rapidly taking its place in the front rank of Georgia Journals.—*Americus Courier.*

Cotton in Lee two-thirds of a crop. Pears a failure. Corn good, though not enough to do for the year. Mr. Cross, with thirty hands, raised 200 bales on 550 acres. This is eight bales to the hand.—*Americus Republican.*

Cotton receipts fallen off. Whole receipts 912 bales—shipments 838. Methodist revival. Cotton in the country will be all packed in two weeks. The huge negro campmeeting going under. Times bad. Country produce scarce.—*Monroe Advertiser.*

Cotton receipts 220 bales—price 22½a23. Methodist revival. Lee county crops better than its neighbors. The Baptist Friendship Association met Saturday—77 delegates from 33 churches—membership 3,000. Rev. J. H. Corley, moderator. T. E. Langley, Clerk.—*Americus Courier.*

The "Sun" was one of the papers, the only one that we have noticed, which had anything to say about the water in Atlanta. We certainly saw in one of the Atlanta dailies an appeal for good drinking water. Nothing so innocent as water is enumerated among our strong and substantial reasons why the Capital should not remain in Atlanta.—*Columbus Sun.*

Incendiaries rampant. Four negroes broke jail by pulling the jailor into the room as he carried them breakfast, shutting the door and running. Two escaped and two were captured. Sixty-one members were added to the Christian Church in September.—*Sandersville Georgian.*

Mr. G. C. Falme, returning from his store, about 9, at night, was brutally assailed, by three negro ruffians, and robbed. Mr. Falme, having lost a leg in the late war, and going on crutches, was able to make but little resistance. They threw him on his face, and choked him to suffocation. The ruffians have not, as yet, been discovered.

We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday, from Col. I. W. Avery, the able editor of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, one of the best and truest journals in the State.

We regret that his visit to our city was so short, but hope that we may have many opportunities to improve our acquaintance with him. We were gratified to learn that THE CONSTITUTION is daily growing in strength and popularity.—*Macon Journal.*

The Columbus free schools opened with 398 pupils. This is a large increase over the beginning last year. There are accommodations for 700 children. Ordinary Duer has decided that Mrs. E. A. Bradley was entitled to deceased Bradley's estate, as his widow, though no license was granted, and the person claimed to have married them did not do so. Bradley had owned and lived with her as his wife. Thirteen widows slept under one roof the other night.—*Columbus Sun.*

A gentleman accosted a red haired boy in the vicinity of a country barn, who was building "bake ovens" in the mud, over a foot of not exactly alabaster whiteness, with, "I say, boy, where's your father?" The boy happened to have an impediment in his speech, and replied, "wha-wha-what?" "Where's you father?" "Whe-whe-why he-he's d-d-down at the cre-cre-creek a bu-burying tow-tow-towser—the da-da-damned old fo-fool, he barked hisself to death at the can-can-candidates! Sa-sa-say, be you one of them fe-fellows?" [*Savannah News.*

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION comes to us enlarged, and otherwise quite an improvement "upon its former self." We are glad to see neighbor Avery extending his field of operations, and although at times, THE CONSTITUTION is *just* a little disposed to be didactic and lecture the "country (?) press," it is one of our most welcome exchanges, and we feel rejoiced at its prosperity. [*Americus Republican.*

We thank our contemporary kindly for his good words. We assure him we are not at all disposed to be didactic and lecture the "country press."

Commenting upon an editorial in the N. Y. Times, on the fact that England no longer controls cotton manufacturers as she did before the war, the Savannah Republican says that England is getting paid back for her conduct. Not satisfied with a monopoly of cotton machinery, she sought to destroy slavery to get a monopoly of cotton raising. She got slavery dead, and not only failed to raise cotton for the world in her colonies, but she gave a stimulus to cotton manufacturing in this country that has destroyed her own manufacturing supremacy.

IRON ORE.—This valuable metal abounds in Hall, Gwinnett, Habersham, White, Banks and Lumpkin counties of the very best quality, and in immense quantities. The hematite will reach 75 to 80 per cent., and the sulphurets of iron and copper, though poorer, will, in time, be very valuable from their abundance and cheap production. All the counties of North-east Georgia abound in iron ores; but those counties situated on and near the great belt of primitive limestone, which traverses the States of Georgia and South Carolina, a short distance North of the itacolumite, or flexible sandstone, contain a much larger quantity. The Air-Line Railroad runs near this ledge for three hundred miles, which, in time, will give cheap transportation to the manufactured products of this extensive country and rich mineral region.—*Gainesville Eagle.*

THOMAS R. R. COBB.—Col. Avery of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, so happy in his biographical sketches, should give us one touching the life and character of the lamanted Thos. R. R. Cobb, one of the ablest and purest men that Georgia, or any other State ever produced.

While the contemplation of his untimely death never fails to bring the tear of sorrow to the eye, the very mention of his name and virtues prompts a prayer of gratitude to the Great White Throne above, that he was all our own.

While we believe it beyond the power of mortal man to do the subject full justice, yet we would have the sketch, at least. In those degenerate times its publication would have a salutary influence upon the youth of our land—especially of the South, upon whose blood-stained alters his precious life was laid.—*Rome Commercial.*

Political.

Iowa expects to secure three more Congressmen by the new apportionment.

Pendleton's Clifton "whine" is the latest beverage of the Ohio Republicans.

A Western Radical paper avers that "the Democratic party has no idea of dying."

The certificate of the ratification of the 15th Amendment by the Legislature of Indiana has been forwarded to Washington.

Ex-Governor Pierpoint, of Virginia, is a candidate for the West Virginia Legislature.

"Daddy" Cain, a venerable negro statesman of South Carolina, is a candidate for Congress.

General Canby wants to re-establish the Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia. Isn't that one of the dead issues of the Radicals?

Chamberlain, the Labor Convention candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, is a hotel-keeper, and only 30 years old.

Vermont has five towns which didn't cast a single Democratic vote in its last election.

Hard holes those.

The Indiana Democrats are divided about the time of holding their State Convention. One party favors January, another midsummer.

The city ticket of Chicago in opposition to the Radicals is composed of equal numbers of Democrats and Republicans, and will be certainly elected.

Governor Haight is a candidate for United States Senator, to succeed Mr. Cole, the present Republican Senator from California.

Captain J. C. Conner, United States army, has accepted the Democratic nomination for Congress in the second district of Texas.

Louisville papers say that Hon. James B. Beck will positively decline a re-election to Congress. One of them declares that he "has made a national reputation in less time than any public man of his day."

Some of the Democratic papers in Pennsylvania are trying to make out that John Covode is a negro—or rather that the old covey is trying to make himself out one—having declared that his grandfather was once sold as a slave in Philadelphia. That must have been a long time ago.

The Governor of Iowa wants to learn whether such men as John C. Breckinridge and other rebel leaders, who fought for four years for the removal of the capital to the "sunny South," are to be the leading spirits of the National Capital Convention in St. Louis, before he issues credentials to delegates from his State.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The Supreme Court all present but Field. The Court is hearing the gas light case, from Memphis.

Nothing whatever has been received here regarding the Tennessee Legislature.

The New York Times says they have advices that Johnson men have been elected presiding officers in both Houses.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—A Chinaman named Cong, killed Charles Archoe, his own wife and himself. Cause: jealousy.

A negro butcher killed a white man.

HAVANA, Oct. 6.—The first Cuban cable is unserviceable; the second, which lands five miles East of Havana, commenced working to-day.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7, noon.—Stocks strong and tend up. Money easy at 6a7. Sterling—long, 9; short 9¼. Gold 1 30¼. 1862s, 19¼. Tennessee ex-coupons, 62⅝; new 52. Virginia ex-coupons 51; new 52. Louisiana's old 71; new 66. Levees 65; 8s, 84. Alabama 8s, 91; 5s, 62. Georgia 6s, 84; 7s, 91. North Carolinas, old 48½; new 40⅝. South Carolinas, new 64.

Flour steadier. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn unchanged. Pork dull at 31 25. Lard dull. Cotton quiet at 28. Turpentine 45. Rosin fairly active; strained 2 25a2 30. Freights firm.

LONDON, October 6, noon.—Consols 93⅜. Bonds 84⅜.

PARIS, October 6, noon.—Bourse steady; rentes 71f. 26c.

HAVRE, Oct. 6.—Cotton opened firm; on spot, 1 43; afloat, 1 39.

Light Melange.

I.

THE DEGENERACY OF ITALIAN MEN.

There are immense numbers in cities with no faculty of self-help. Accustomed to lean upon others in their own circle, they are worth nearly nothing to the community. Italy has produced many noble examples of men of self-relying heroism, but in the past it has been the fatal habit of the nation to lean upon something outside. This has had an effect upon individual character. There are thousands of young men in the cities, qualified for useful occupations, who have no more elevated desire in life than to dawdle in *cafes* or on the public promenade, or to loll at ease in the box of a theatre to the lascivious pleasing of a company of dancing girls, or an opera heard a hundred times. Many of them belong, in a certain sense, to the dangerous class of society, for they are the authors of connubial infidelity, although in a majority of cases it may be that the sole aim in life is to get a wife with a dowry sufficient to make them for life independent of work.

II.

PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF CHRIST.

In an ancient manuscript, said to have been sent by the Governor of Judea to the Senate at Rome, is found the following description of our Saviour:

There lives at this time, in Judea, a man of singular character, whose name is Jesus Christ. The barbarians esteem him as their prophet, but his followers adore him as the immediate offspring of the immortal God. He is endowed with such unparalled virtue as to call back the dead from their graves, and to heal every kind of disease with a word or a touch.

His person is tall and elegantly shaped, his aspect amiable and reverend. His hair flows in those beauteous shades which no united color can match, falling in graceful curls below his ears, and parting on the crown of his head. His dress is that of the lower sect and large; his cheeks without spot, save that of a lovely red; his nose and mouth are formed with exquisite symmetry; his beard is thick, and suitable to the hair of the head, reaching below his chin, and parting in the middle; his eyes are bright and serene.

III.

THE AUTHOR OF THE GOLD BOBBLE.

James Fisk, Jr., the Erie railway director, now pretty well known all over the land, shows himself thorough master of the situation in this great emergency. He and his clique have engineered the high price of gold which created such an excitement last week, but before the crisis came he succeded in effecting a settlement with all those who owed him money; he got all his money in, and when Friday came and Boutwell broke down the market, Mr. Fisk, by repudiating contracts with various brokers, succeeded in obtaining possession of a lareg amount of gold, which he now keeps, terrifying all those who intend to injure him. Everybody wants to get at him; lawyers are after him, but they cannot get admittance. They swear and rail at him, but somehow or other he has the Judges of the Court at his command, and the moment an order is issued against him, it is vacated by an order. He keeps four attorneys constantly at work, with an army of clerks, night and day, and while other brokers pride themselves on the fact that everything looks better to-day, Fisk keeps up a grim visage, as if desiring to say, "they'd better look out."

IV.

HOW "CORSET" GOT ITS NAME.

"Some twenty years ago, about 1800, a fat English lady, having visited Paris, obtained from a milliner a certain article of dress, much in vogue among belles and *feminine* beaux. On her return, all the fat ladies were smitten with envy, to see her shape elegantly improved into that of an hour-glass. She lost no time in exhibiting her exquisite person at a ball, but in the middle of a waltz swooned away. Her clothes were soon unlaced, and the cause of her fainting discovered. 'O La!' exclaimed a dozen of the female friends, 'what is that you wear?' *O, Curse it!* she replied, and immediately hurried out of the room. The words of the lady, she being of *fashionables*, the most *fashionable* were decisive. *Curses*, or, as the are now termed, *Corsets*, became the order of the day; and although many a simple girl has since had occasion to give them their original appellation, they 'still hold their own' in a *close*, if not a very tender embrace."

QUITE A LOCAL.—This morning we saw what we never saw before. We saw a very small pig, squatted on his haunches, *a la mode* dog, his fore feet in the air, sucking a cow. As the little fellow extracted the lactic fluid from the gentle animal, he seemed in his rapture to forget that a crowd of amazed spectators were beholding the indignity which he was perpetrating on Broad street.—*Eufaula News.*

NEW YORK REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION—*Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 29.*—The New York Republican State Convention met here to-day. John A. Griswold, of Rensselaer, was made permanent president, with sixteen vice-presidents, and sixteen secretaries. Mr. Griswold made a short speech, when the following ticket was nominated: For Secretary of State, Geo. Wm. Curtis; Comptroller, Thos. Hillhouse; Engineer and Surveyor, John C. Robinson; Canal Commissioner, Stephen T. Hoyt; Treasurer, Thomas J. Chatfield; Attorney-General, Martin J. Townsend; State Prison Inspector, Daniel D. Conover; Judges of Court of Appeals, Woodruff and Mason.

The resolutions assert that the public debt shall be paid in coin; that taxation should be equal; that the government should protect its citizens, native and foreign born; favor the equal right of suffrage; the adoption of the fifteenth amendment; sympathize with the oppressed of all nations, particularly the Cubans, who are struggling for liberty against an arbitrary and oppressive government; favor the acquisition of the island whenever her people desire, and congratulate the people on the rapid reduction of the national debt. Other resolutions refer to State matters. Adjourned *sine die.*

Attorney-General Hoar has given an opinion that the Legislature of Virginia is not competent to amend the dog law of that State, but is perfectly competent to amend the Constitution of the United States. It may also elect Senators, provided it elects the government candidates.

New Advertisements.

SOMETHING NEW.—In musical circles the Estey Organs are the rage. They are the most durable and have the finest tone, remarkable for their sweetness and power. The *Voe Humana* and *Voe Jubilante* are the greatest novelties and best inventions ever introduced. J. ESTEY & CO., Brattleboro, Vt., Sole Manufacturers.

The Purest, Best and Cheapest

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

WANTED, Everywhere, AGENTS—$100 to $250 per Month.—Male and Female, to introduce the Genuine Improved common-sense Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any Machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address GEO. MCEATHRON & CO., Nashville, Tennessee.

Caution.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Caution—Extra.—We caution the public against a concern in Nashville, Tenn., as they are not our duly authorized Agents, having copied our advertisement without authority from us. We shall not hold ourselves responsible for worthless machines sold by other parties. The GENUINE MACHINES can be had only from us or our athorized Agents, who will always have a certificate of Agency signed by us. *Beware of Infringers.*

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY of $30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

The Magic Comb will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or Brown. One Comb sent by mail for $1. For sale by Merchants and Druggists generally. Address *Magic Comb Co., Springfield, Mass.*

$1140 How Made it in Six Months. Secret and sample mailed free. *A. J. Fullam, N. Y.*

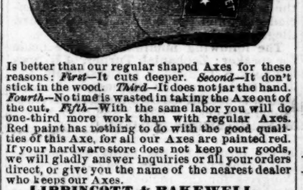
$25 A DAY.—33 new articles for Agents. Samples free. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

USE B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR or Druggist for Sweet Quinine—it equals bitter Quinine. Is made by STEARNS, FARR & CO., Chemists, New York.

COLBURN'S PATENT

RED JACKET AXE



Is better than our regular shaped Axes for these reasons: *First*—It cuts deeper. *Second*—It don't stick in the wood. *Third*—It does not jar the hand. *Fourth*—No time is wasted in taking the Axe out of the cut. *Fifth*—With the same labor you will do one-third more work than with regular Axes. Red paint has nothing to do with the good qualities of this Axe, for all our Axes are painted red. If your hardware store does not keep our goods, we will gladly answer inquiries or fill your orders direct, or give you the name of the nearest dealer who keeps our Axes.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh, Penn., Sole Owners of Colburn's and Red Jacket Patents.

WE ARE COMING!

THE Great Original Dollar Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, and will present to any person sending us a Club, a Watch, Silk Dress, Piece of Sheeting,

FREE OF COST.

Send for Catalogue of Goods and sample—delivered to any address free.

J. S. HAWES & CO.,

128 and 130 Federal street, Boston, Mass., Post-office Box C.

N. B.—Samples given on application for Catalogue.

DR. WHITTIER, 9 Wylie St., Pittsburgh, Pa., of Union-wide reputation, treats all venereal diseases; also, seminal weakness, impotency, etc., the result of self-abuse. Send 2 stamps for sealed pamphlet, 50 pages. No matter who failed, state case. Consultation free.

PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming. A wonderful book; it shows how either sex can fascinate any one they wish, instantly. (All possess this power.) It teaches how to get rich. Alchemy, Dr. Dee's and Allen's Cabalia, Bindings, Sorceries, Incantations, Demonology, Magic Mesmerism, Spiritualism, Marriage Guide, and a thousand other wonders. Sent by mail for 25 cents. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, South Seventh Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Official Journal of the City.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 7.

☞ In Breviter's article yesterday morning, for "private" read "*print*." There are also several errors in the article on "New Zealand Mining."

☞ The Tennessee Legislature was organized on the 4th, by the election of Dorsey B. Thomas, Speaker of the Senate, and W. B. Perkins, Speaker of the House. Johnson's prospects for the Senate, are said to be bright.

☞ The Nashville Union and American ably urges the election of Andy Johnson, to the United States Senate.

We got a rasp once before from that very live and able paper, the Memphis Avalanche, for speaking a word for Andy; but even at the risk of getting this lively pugilist upon us again, we must still express our hope to see Andy returned to the Senate.

☞ The Mobile Tribune claims, that left to himself, the negro lapses into idolatry and barbarism, as an historical fact. That the Southern negro is traveling its historical road. At one place the church has been made a temple of Venus; at another the negroes dance around the fire worshipping the images they fancy in the flames. Thus as they withdraw from white preaching, does savage heathenism develope.

COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER AND AMERICUS CITY DIRECTORY.—We have on our table, from the Job Office of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a handsomely gotten-up pamphlet, entitled "Cleghorn & Cain's Commercial Advertiser and Americus City and Business Directory." It is as handsome a specimen of job work as our country will afford from any office. The contents of the pamphlet are valuable, containing a history of Americus, well written, a directory of that place, and sundry other valuable documents, as the Constitution of Georgia, postal information, the revenue laws, etc.

Agriculture.

We have the Agricultural Report from Washington for August and September, J. R. Dodge is the statistician. The mean temperature for Georgia was 71 degrees, 2 minutes: the fall of rain 2 inches 17 hundredths. Drought has prevailed east of the Alleghanies; the Mississippi basin has had unusual rain. The drought on the sea board has been unequalled for years, to the injury of crops.

The corn crop must be 150,000,000 bushels under a full crop. In Georgia the loss has been from 20 to 30 per cent.

The cotton crop increases from Mississippi to Texas; but decreases from the Carolinas to Alabama. Georgia, Florida and South Carolina have suffered most. The yield is estimated at 2.750,000 bales.

The wheat crop is large. The Southern wheat is decidedly superior. Illinois Michigan, Iowa and California show a decrease.

Fruits abundant, apples less than other fruits. New England suffers a reduction. The Middle and Western States have a full supply.

Stock hogs show a decrease of five to ten per cent. over last year.

Woman Suffrage.

The vote-hankering petticoats had another cackle, a few days ago, in New York. Miss Anthony run the concern. She said her aim in life was to shoot ballots for her down-trodden brothers of the female persuasion. She read a long thing that a Mrs. Doggett was to dog the Berlins Woman Congress with, looking to masculine subjection.

Miss Edmonia Highgate, a pretty, young, colored lady, then made a speech. She said she knew that the Southern women wanted to vote. She didn't state how she found out that alarming aspiration. This interesting female branched out. She became by turns, fierce and soothing. She put her foot, (not stating her number, whether twelves or fourteens,) on any more men voting until the women did a little of it. She was glad the African gentlemen were crowded into the ballot box, but her appetite to get there herself was not a small one. She finally wound up in a scintillation of compliment to Miss Anthony, that was stunning. She ardently said that spinster was the John Brown and Gerritt Smith of the woman's cause. Pretty heavy, this, on poor Smith.

A letter was then read from Mrs. Laura C. Bullard, in Europe. She strenuously objected to the word "unsex," also to that ugly endearment "Pantaloonatics." For herself, she didn't want any breeches; she preferred the dragging dresses herself. She didn't mean to make a "guy" of herself. As for the Sonth, she plumbed it cogently, when she said she knew the men here would rather give the ballot to the lovely crinolines than to a set of carpet-baggers. We are in favor of Mrs. Bullard voting. One or two such ten-strikes as that, and the thing is dead sure for success.

Just when this clever letter had stirred up a good feeling, up jumped an old rooster and fairly crowed. She hit out against long trails as ridiculous, and, of course, made every woman, among the hens, worth a snaps, furious. And, to clinch her views, the old heathen snappishly spurted out that she couldn't help noticing Mrs. Phelps' long train, while her brother was carrying the petition around the room. Her blood began to rise at this monstrous folly. She rattled right and left. Volley after volley did this Amazon pour into her sisters. She wanted to know if the dragging-trailed women walking down Broadway, were fit to vote. There were too many ignorant women. She was out of patience with women teasing men for rights, and talking about throwing morality into the Government.

Here the indignants couldn't hold in any longer. First one and then another fired away, and then volleys roared from platoons of half a dozen, and finally, the whole shebang cut loose, talking and gesticulating, cackling and gobbling, clatter, clatter, clatter—now drag-tail uppermost, then bloomer ahead—anon all on top together—fire and fury—words by the tornado—hurricanes of argument liberally spiced with invective. The Convention adjourned, much muddled.

Mr. Stephens and Mr. Curtis.

We have just seen, for the first time, Mr. Stephens' conclusive rejoinder to Mr. Curtis.

Mr. Stephens in his great book discusses the antagonism between Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Webster upon the fundamental organism of the government; Mr. C. contending that the Constitution was a compact between distinct sovereign political bodies: Mr. W. that it was a government proper, founded on the adoption of the people, and creating direct relations between itself and individuals.

Of course Mr. Stephens agrees with Mr. Calhoun, and he claimed that Mr. Calhoun demolished Mr. Webster, and he also asserts that Mr. Webster, at a later day, when he was older and wiser, modified his views on the subject, and cites quotations from subsequent utterances of Mr. Webster to prove it.

Mr. Curtis charges Mr. Stephens with accusing Mr. Webster of becoming a convert to the doctrine of secession, and thus misrepresenting him.

Mr. Stephens shows that the question of secession was not at issue, that the simple point of difference was the isolated one whether the Constitution is a compact between States. This is the basis of Mr. Curtis' error. He has mistaken the point. He gave Mr. Stephens' words a direction and a meaning not intended, and not legitimate. Mr. Stephens frankly owns that Mr. Webster was opposed to secession as a Constitutional remedy for supposed wrongs of the general government.

Mr. Stephens uses up Mr. Curtis thoroughly upon the argument. He, however, clinches the defeat with terrible power and unpitying unanswerableness, when he quotes Mr. Curtis' own words in his work on the Constitution against Mr. Webster, whom Mr. Curtis thus futilely tries to defend.

Mr. Stephens quotes the resolution offered by Mr. Calhoun in the Senate in 1837, and passed by a vote of eighteen States to six, affirming that the States in adopting the Constitution acted as sovereign and independent States. Mr. Webster did not vote for the resolution, but he did not argue against it.

Mr Stephens finally winds up Mr. Curtis upon his construction of Mr. Stephens' secession views. Mr. Stephens arguing the right of secession, not from the Constitution, as Mr. Curtis erroneously states, but from the sovereign power that made the Constitution. It is an incident of all Federal republics.

Mr. Stephens argues with his accustomed force and clearness. His mind is as shining as light, and grasping the whole philosophy of our government in its sturdy clutch. it expounds the grave questions connected with its economy, with noonday lucidness.

We are sorry we have not the space to give Mr. Stephens' article entire.

Communicated.]

The Expense of the Last Legislature.

In response to the call that has been made for the expenses of the Legislature during the last session, from 13th January, 1869, to 18th March, the following statement, believed to be correct, is made:

Senate—Pay of members, etc.,	$ 50,639 00
House— " " "	136,155 00
Total - - - - -	$186,894 00
Contingent expenses hardly less than - - - - - -	25,000 00
Aggregate for session of sixty-five days - - - - -	$211,894 00
Average per day - - - -	3,244 50

CIVIS.

Labor for Women.

From a petition going the rounds said to be directed by Southern women to Mr. Peabody the great philanthropist, urging that a portion of his educational gift be devoted to an institution for educating girls practically, we clip a few paragraphs. This petition recites the condition of the Southern females, their poverty, the necessity for opening up new fields of labor to them, and educating them for such labor. We call attention especially to the following:

We believe that a portion of your noble gift could in no possible way be so useful to our impoverished section as by employing it in the establishment of an institution whose whole design should be to open new fields of labor to the women of the South and to fit them to cultivate these with ability. Such an institution, when once established, could easily be made, in great part, self-supporting by two measures; First, by allowing all household work to be performed by the inmates. Second, by letting the employments which are taught, be of such a nature, that many of them shall be remunerative to the school, even while the pupils are learning them.

These rules would have the desirable effect of making the fees for attendance very small.

The employments which could and should be taught in such a place are numberless. We will enumerate a few, to give you a more distinct idea of what we propose.

Printing, for example, would be very suitable, and might be made quite profitable by undertaking to do job work for persons desirous of aiding in this manner the plan of the institution.

Wood engraving is also an occupation for which women are peculiarly well fitted.

The lighter sorts of wood carving required for the more delicate ornamental work of the cabinet making, could be taught with advantage.

There is a great deal of rough painting done, such as that on signs, window shades, and theatrical scenery, which requires little or no natural talent, and could be learned by any one.

If any of those who were learning wood carving or scene painting, happened to be gifted with real artistic talent, it would manifest itself in these pursuits. Such pupils then could be separated from the rest, and thoroughly trained as painters and sculptors.

Gardening, book-keeping, telegraph operating, and many other suitable occupations will readily suggest themselves to your mind.

Communicated.]

Those Executive Warrants Again.

Mr. Editor: The article of "Suaviter," in your morning's issue, demands a reply. It will not require many words to show his error. He thinks the proper plan for Dr. Angier, is to present warrants of doubtful legality to the Attorney General, and act upon his written opinion. "Suaviter" boldly expresses the opinion that if the Attorney General should decide an Executive warrant to be legal, Dr. Angier would be protected in paying it, and the Attorney General would be responsible on his bond. in case his decision were wrong. Now, here are two fatal mistakes. The Attorney General's opinion would not make an illegal appropriation of the public funds legal; it would not protect Dr. Angier in anything he might do, there being no law to that effect; and it would not, in the absence of *proven* fraud, make the Attorney General liable on his official bond. What law can be produced to sustain the assumptions of "Suaviter?" Who ever heard, before, that a public officer, acting in a judicial character, was pecuniarily responsible for the consequences of an erroneous interpretation of the law? If such a doctrine as that can be sustained, let Judges of courts, and all others similarly situated, look out. It requires *proven* fraud to make such an officer responsible in such a case. The legal views of "Suaviter" are not only novel, but are, doubtless, entirely original with him. But suppose the Attorney General's opinion would protect Dr. Angier in paying an illegal warrant—which it clearly would not—for the law has given him no authority to *decide* that or any other question—ought Dr. Angier to suffer the people's money to be applied to an illegal purpose, simply because he would not have to refund it out of his own pocket? That would be another novel view of the subject.

Again, suppose the Attorney-General is responsible for every erroneous opinion which he may write—and clearly he is not in the absence of fraud—it is not certain that all his private property, and that of his sureties, would be sufficient to fill up the *immense hole* in the Treasury which these warrants will make. Where then would the State's remedy be? Another objection to this plan: who will pay the Attorney's fees for recovering back all this money? Who will employ the Attorneys? Who will order the suits brought, and who will graduate these fees next time? Certainly there ought to be somebody else to say how much shall be paid in the future.

This whole scheme of "Suaviter" is not impractible, but is based on an idea of law which is manifestly erroneous. We want something practical—we want these public funds protected. Once let them get out of the Treasury, and they are gone. Let it be decided by the Courts whether Governor Bullock can use the people's money to aid in private suits, to buy patronage, and to provide counsel for himself in certain contingencies.

"Suaviter" says I am a lawyer. If he had been one he would not have been unfamiliar with the old maxim, that "possession is nine points of the law."

BREVITER.

The Political and Social Situation in Georgia—Probable Arrangement of Party Differences.

By telegraph to the Tribune]

WASHINGTON, Friday, Oct. 1, 1869.—A letter from a prominent official in Georgia to a Congressman now here, contains many facts which present a more encouraging view of the condition of the Republican party there. The quarrel which has existed seems to be healing, in proof of which the *Atlanta New Era* has ceased to attack Gov. Bullock, and the paper is announced as an official organ of the Executive. Col. Bryant, of Augusta, expresses his belief that harmony is established. The Democratic State Committee, which lately met at Atlanta, convened to decide what policy shall be adopted on the question of re-seating the colored members; the Committee is understood to have been unanimous in favor of obeying the dictate of the State Supreme Court, but had not the courage to express themselves, owing to the clamorous bluster of the Ben Hill-Toombs faction. It is understood that the Republican policy will be to accept the Virginia opinion of Attorney-General Hoar as to the test oath and State Legislature, and so not require, so far as party action controls, any taking of the test oath by members of the Georgia Legislature now regularly elected thereto. This is the original point of difference on the reconstruction of the State by Gov. Bullock with the majority of the party, and the more conservative portion thereof, led by Joshua Hill, Akerman, Bryant, Bard, and others. Judge Hoar's opinion is considered as decisive.

The other point is for the party to demand, first, that the Legislature re-seat the colored members expelled, and if this is not done at once, on its re-assembling, to urge Congress to place the State in such condition as will insure justice. In either case the vote of Georgia will be secured for the Fifteenth Amendment. The more moderate Democrats are satisfied that while the decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that a negro may hold office in Georgia, is only declaratory and not peremptory that the Legislature, by directing a case to be made up and submitted to that tribunal, bound itself to accept the decision rendered. Taking the solution all together, it would seem as if Georgia was nearly out of the woods. In many counties of the State, the condition of affairs is still very turbulent; the laborers are rapidly leaving Warren county, in consequence of the violence to which they have been victims. As a consequence, the planters are likely to lose their cotton from want of hands to gather it. In Burke county, the disorders are on the increase. In Columbia county, several negroes have been murdered since early in August, and no attempts have been made to arrest the perpetrators, though some of them are known. Two negroes saw another named Johnson, shot, and could identify some of the party. In Hancock county, there exists a terrible state of affairs. A negro was murdered about the 8th of September; the next night a party of twenty colored men went to a white man's house, who was suspected of participation in the murder—they shot at him, but he escaped. Next day the whites armed themselves, and commenced hunting the colored men throughout the county. Several men are reported to have been shot and beaten, one was hung, and sixteen or more were placed in jail.

Cuba—Traitors in the Army of Cespedes—Americans Made to Bear the Brunt of Battle—They Receive no Quarter from the Spaniards—Their Condition Most Deplorable.

Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3, 1869.

Letters from prominent gentlemen now in Cuba, in the army, and sojourning there, to friends in this city, received yesterday, give additional news of an interesting and important character.

General Cespedes is untiring in his endeavors to unite his army by conciliating the various elements of which it is composed. His efforts have not been successful. The removal of General Jordan from command of the most important division of the army, and placing him on the staff of the General commanding, as Adjutant General, instead of having the effect intended, has developed the formidable power of the organized conspiracy and treachery in the army. Officers as high as Major Generals are identified with it and demand the entire exclusion of foreigners from positions of command.

There are now over twenty-two hundred Americans in the Cuban army, in the different divisions. These men have been, and are, the strength of the army, and were they massed, as was promised when they left this country, would be more than equal to any Spanish force on the Island, but this promise was not kept, and they are now so portioned out in the different commands, that they are powerless for good to the cause which they, with so much earnestness espoused, and unable to protect themselves against the treachery of the people whom they volunteered to serve. General Jordan's safety, even in his present position, is only secured by a guard of a company of his own men.

It is stated that the Americans are carefully watched to prevent their escape, and that in every fight they are so placed as to be compelled to bear the brunt of the contest, where they have to fight for their lives, as no quarter is ever given to them. Even those who are wounded are ruthlessly murdered on the field. Those who have escaped and reached this country, represent the condition of their former comrades as most desperate, and their suffering such as should awaken the sympathy of every American. They report that no promise made them in New York, previous to their leaving for Cuba, has been fulfilled, and that every representation made to them they found to be false when they arrived on the Island. All the letters received here from Cuba confirm these statements, and urge that immediate action should be taken by the Government to rescue them from their present situation.

Several fights have taken place, in all of which it is reported the Spaniards were defeated; they were, however, of no importance as affecting the result of the contest.

MRS. PARTINGTON ON FASHIONS.—"There is one thing sure," said Mrs. Partington, "the females of the present generation are a heap more independent than they used be. Why, I saw a gal go by the other day that I know belongs to the historical class of society, with her dress all tucked up, her hair all buzzled up like as if she hadn't had time to comb it for a week, and one of her grandmother's night-caps, in an awful crumpled condition, on her head. Why, law, honey, when I was a gal, if one of the fellows come alone when I had my dress tucked up that way, and my head kivered with an old white rag, I would run for dear life and hide out of sight. Well, well, the gals then were innocent, uncouficated creatures; now they are what the French call "blazes."

HABIT IS EVERYTHING.—A city man accustomed to lodge on one of the noisiest streets, recently visited a country friend. Too much quiet destroyed his rest at night. His friend felt for his distress, and said he would try and relieve it. Accordingly he went to a neighbor's and procured a bass drum, which he beat under the guests' bed-reom window, and had his boy run a squeaking wheelbarrow up and down on the porch, while his wife played on the piano, and his servant girl pounded on the chamber door with the tongs. In this manner the sufferer was enabled to get two or three hours of quiet, refreshing sleep, though it was heavy on the family.

The Norfolk Journal says that a most remarkable, but by no means unusual sight in Virginia, now-a-days, is that of an old negro who has been dead and buried for years, arising from his tomb, shaking off his winding-sheet, sitting down to a table and writing a slashing letter on the political situation.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Revenue to-day over half a million dollars.

Proceedings at Wilmington against the Hornet were ordered by the Cabinet yesterday. A report was printed that Fish had been notified that the English and French Governments had ordered their fleets to pursue the Hornet and hang the crew, is untrue.

Attorney General Hoar has rendered an opinion to the effect that the Secretary of War can not preclude claim agents or attorneys from prosecuting business in his department in all proper cases, but where there is reason to suspect frauds, the right and duty exists to suspend such business intercourse, it being proper and obligatory to protect the government from fraud. The agents or attorneys should be furnished with the reasons for such suspension, in order to vindicate the opinion that was rendered in cases alleged to affect the payment of bounties to colored troops, it being said by an officer who investigated similar claims, that they were tainted with fraud.

J. H. Van Alstine, in the behalf of New Orleans tobacco merchants, called on Commissioner Delano to-day, and asked that purchasers of tobacco in Virginia and North Carolina, may be allowed shipment in bond. The course of Mr. Delano, promises relief to New Orleans and Mobile merchants, as well as to Southern manufacturers.

In the matter of Benjamin Brown, Eli Wood, John Halligan, Granville Rose, William Andrews, and Phillip Stonemetz, Hon. W. W. Boyce, formerly of South Carolina, asked leave to file a motion for writs of *habeas corpus*, in these cases, and the motion was directed to be argued on Friday next. The prisoners are charged with murder in Texas, in June last, and it is alleged that they are now being tried by military commission.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—This morning's Picayune, in an article on custom frauds, during Kellogg's regime, mentioned the British schooner, Harkaway, as the vessel that cleared for Honolulu with a cargo of whisky that a vessel of twice her capacity could not have carried. This evening's Picayune says they have had some light thrown upon this matter. J. C. Forbes & Co. threw the whisky on the market from their Bonded warehouse, and endeavored to cover the matter up in this way, by saying:

The bonds, which were mere bonds of straw, were accepted, after some hesitation, by the bond clerk, and the papers went through the Custom House until they reached the entry clerk, who, on comparing the tonnage of the vessel with the cargo, at once saw the fraud, and reported the same to Mr. Kellogg. The bogus shipment was consequently stopped.

RICHMOND, Oct. 6.—The House chose T. C. Crittenden, Sergeant-at-Arms, and adjourned.

Zepheniah Turner, was elected Speaker of the House to-day. He is a lawyer about 60 years old, and was one of the first advocates of the Reconstruction Acts in the State. He was an old Whig, and changed to a Douglas Democrat in 1860, and was, shortly afterwards, defeated as a Union candidate for the Legislature.

In the House to-day two resolutions were offered that the iron-clad oath be now administered to members and temporary officers of the House. Referred to the proper committee when it shall be appointed.

A protest adopted by a Republican caucus last night was presented. It is framed with a view to answering Attorney General Hoar's argument, and protests against any acts of the Legislature at this session, the members not having taken the iron-clad oath, and the body being, therefore, illegal. It was referred.

The following nominations were made for speaker: Zephaniah Turner, of Rappahannock, S. T. Maddox, of Chesterfield, and John B. Crenshaw, of Richmond. Turner, who was nominated by a Conservative, obtained 87 votes. Maddox, nominated by a Wells Republican, obtained 41 votes, and Crenshaw 5. Turner was declared elected. In the discussion, the point was pressed that Turner now has an application before Congress for the removal of his political disabilities, and it was explained, that though not able to take the test oath, he was not disqualified by the 14th amendment.

J. B. Bigger, the old incumbent, was elected clerk.

In the Senate, the same protest of the Republicans' caucus was presented, and a resolution was adopted laying it on the table, on the ground that it was manifestly an effort to obstruct reconstruction, and was in plain opposition to the intention of Congress as expressed in the reconstruction acts, and in direct violation of the interpretation of said acts by the administration.

A resolution was adopted informing the commandiug Geueral of the organization of the Senate.

Adjourned.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 6.—The entertainment on board the Cuban sloop-of-war Cuba, was attended by a large number of ladies and gentlemen this evening. No new developments concerning the status of the Cuba; the public mind here is unanimous in their opinion, that they will be released as soon as the investigation is made. Her release by the United States authories at Philadelphia, and the British authorities at Halifax, and the fact that she is a vessel of war, regularly commissioned by the Cuban government, and not fitted out in any United States port, seems conclusive that there is no justification for her detention. Hon. Geo. Davis, ex-Attorney General of the Confederate States, is one of the counsel for the Cubans.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 6.—Sailed—Steamer Rebecca Clyde, for New York. Arrived—Volunteer, from New York; Gary, from Baltimore.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 6.—Arrived—Brig Adelaide, from Boston; bark Inventa, from Stockholm. Sailed—Brig Courier, for Bristol Channel; steamer Saragossa, for New York.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 6.—Arrived—steamer Wyoming, from Philadelphia; Montgomery, from New York; Magnolia, from New York; brig Atlantic, from Nassau; ship Alexandria, from Boston; schooner Frances Satterly, from Philadelphia. Sailed—steamers Catharine Whiting, for New York; Gulf Stream, for New York.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Cotton is a shade easier; sales 3,000 bales at 27¾. Flour a shade firmer on low grades, with more doing. Wheat a shade firmer, with more doing for export. Corn closed quiet and unchanged. Pork dull at 31 00a31 50. Lard unchanged. Whisky dull at 1 18a1 20. Sugar steady. Coffee dull and heavy. Molasses quiet. Naval stores firm. Freights unchanged.

Money closed easy at 6a7. Gold closed at 1 31. Sterling quiet at 9. Stocks quiet and unsettled. Governments steady. Southerns weak.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—Cotton market active at 25½; sales 5,050 bales; receipts 3,553; exports to Barcelona 210. Oats 60a 61. Pork held at 34 00. Bacon shoulders 18¼. Sugar—prime 14½a14⅞. Coffee—fair 14¾; prime 16½a16¾. Others articles unchanged. Gold 1 31. Sterling 40¾. New York sight ⅜ discount.

MOBILE, Oct. 6.—Cotton in fair demand, and closed steady; sales 1,200 bales; middlings 24½; receipts 748; exports 234.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 5.—Cotton quiet at 27½. Flour weak. Wheat steady. Corn dull; Southern white, 1 05a1 10. Oats 57a58. Rye 1 10a1 20. Pork 33 00. Bacon firm; shoulders 17½. Whisky flat at 1 21a1 22. Virginia's old, 45 bid.

CINCINNATI, October 6.—Whisky unsettled; held at 1 17a1 18. Pork is in fair demand at 31 00. Lard lower, at 17. Bacon unchanged; no sales.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 6.—Provisions quiet; mess pork 32 00; shoulders 17; clear sides 20¾. Lard 19. Whisky heavy at 20.

CHARLESTON, October 6.—Cotton firmer; sales 700 bales; middlings 25¼a25¾; receipts 998 bales.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 6.—Receipts 1,794 bales; market firm; middlings 25¼; sales 600 bales; exports 1,203.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 6.—Spirits Turpentine firm. Rosin steady; strained, 1 65; No. 2, 1 80. Crude turpentine 1 50a2 50. Tar 2 50. Cotton quiet at 24½a25 for low middling.

AUGUSTA, GA., Oct. 6.—Cotton market opened with a fair demand and closed firm at 25 for middling; sales 470 bales; receipts 611.

HAVRE, Oct. 6, evening.—Cotton closed firm.

LIVERPOOL, October 6, evening.—Cotton firmer; uplands 13¾; Orleans 13⅝; sales 12,000 bales. Red wheat 9s 3d. Lard 73s

Legend of a Musket.

Mark Twain tells the following story, related by a fellow passenger, who, being bantered about his timidity, said he had never been scared since he loaded an old Queen Anne musket for his father once, whereupon he gave the following:

"You see the old man was trying to learn me to shoot blackbirds and beasts that tore up the corn and such things, so that I could be of some use about the farm, because I wasn't big enough to do much. My gun was a single-barrelled shot-gun, and the old man carried a Queen Anne musket that weighed a ton, made a report like a thunder clap, and kicked like a mule. The old man wanted me to shoot the old musket sometimes, but I was afraid. One day, though, I got her down, and so I took her to a hired man, and asked him how to load her, because it was in the field. Hiram said, 'Do you see those marks on the stock—an X and a V on each side of the Queen's Crown? Well, that means ten balls and five slugs—that's her load.'"

"But how much powder?"

"Oh," he says, "it don't matter; put in three or four handfulls."

"So I loaded her in that way, and it was an awful charge—I had sense enough to see that, and started out. I leveled her on a good many blackbirds; but every time I went to pull the trigger, I shut my eyes and winked—I was afraid of her kick. Towards sun-down I fetched up at the house, and there was the old man, resting on the porch.

"Been out hunting, have ye?"

"Yes sir," says I.

"What did you kill?"

"Didn't kill anything, sir—didn't shoot her off—was afraid she would kick." (I knew blame well she would.)

"Gi' me that gun!" said the old man, as mad as sin.

And he took aim at a sapling on the other side of the road, and I began to drop back out of danger. And the next moment I heard the earthquake, and the Queen Anne whirling end over end in the air, and saw the old man spinning around on one heel, with one leg up and both hands on his jaw, and the bark flying from the old saplin' as if there was a hail storm. The old man's shoulder was set back three inches, and his jaw turned black and blue, and he had to lay up for three days. Cholera, nor nothing else can scare me the way I was scared that time.

Auction Sales

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

APPROACHING AUCTION SALES
—OF—
Valuable City Property.

1ST—On Saturday Morning next, the 9th inst., at 10 o'clock, I will sell, on the premises, a nice Building Lot on east side of Forsyth street, opposite T. G. Simms' residence, and near the 1st Baptist Church. It is 50x85 feet, with an alley in the rear; in the centre of the city, and a No. 1 Cottage lot, with undisputed titles.

Terms cash.

2d—On Tuesday next, the 12th inst., at 4 o'clock in the evening, I will sell Twelve very valuable Lots. A plat is in my office. This property is between Peters street and the Macon and Western Railroad, and between the fine residences of W. B. Lowe and John A. Doane, Esqrs.

Terms—Half cash; remainder 3 and 6 months, with interest.

3d—On Wednesday next, the 13th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M., I will sell, on the premises, the Abbott House, on Forsyth street, near its junction with Whitehall, and near Phil Dodd's palace on Whitehall street. It is a comfortable, well arranged Cottage of five rooms, on a large lot, with streets on three sides.

Terms cash. Sale positive. Titles unquestionable.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
Whitehall street, near the Railroad Crossing.
oct7--d3t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

4. ON THURSDAY, 7th day of October, on the premises, commencing at 4 o'clock, I will sell the

Col. J. R. Powell Property.

Consisting of that capacious Store on Alabama street, occupied by Lowry & Son, and ten unimproved Lots at the corner of Alabama and Broad streets, diagonally opposite the Post-office. For Plats, full descriptions and terms, call at my Office.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
No. 5, Railroad Block, Peachtree Street.
sep26-tds

Whitehall Street Stores.

I HAVE FOR SALE some of the best Rent-paying
CENTRAL STORES ON WHITE HALL.
Capitalists desiring to invest in first-class property are invited to call at my office.
oct7-d2t G. W. ADAIR.

J. H. BARRETT, AUCTIONEER,

Will Sell this, Thursday Morning,

October 7, in front of his store,

COMMENCING at 10 O'CLOCK.

1 fine large Sorrel Horse,
1 Top Buggy,
1 Spring Wagon,

—AND—

3 pair Scales,
1 pair Trucks,
2 barrels Vinegar,
1 fine large Gilt Frame Mirror, ½ in. glass,
1 Divan, (or small Sofa.)
6 Parlor Chairs,
Bedsteads, Mattresses, Washstands, and a general lot of

Furniture.

—ALSO—

Empty Liquor Barrels and Kegs,

—AND—

A large lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. H. BARRETT,
Auction and Commission Merchant,
oct7-aug-25-d3m And Real Estate Agent

I HAVE this day associated with me in the Auction and Commission Business, Mr. G. H. Culberson. From and after this date, the name and style of the firm will be J. H. Barrett & Co.

J. H. BARRETT

October 7, 1869.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,

Constitution Building, Broad St.

WE are prepared to furnish help of all kinds—Clerks, Book keepers, Mechanics, Laborers, Hotel help, etc., etc., to parties in the city or country. Orders from business men and others for help, will receive prompt attention.

Also, will solicit for and obtain, employment for all in search of places.

Will canvass for Patent Rights, etc. Canvassing Agents wanted.

Call on or address:
DUTTON & SMITH, General Agents,
Lock Box 21,
oct5-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

ROCKLAND DISTILLED

Corn Whisky.

I am now making fine

PURE WHISKY,

Under the above brand, which is kept on hand and for sale, at all times, by

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

Granite Block, Atlanta, Georgia.
oct7-d1f LEWIS J. PARR.

GEORGIA, Henry County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, OCTOBER 4, 1869.

SARAH TEEL, widow of Thomas Teel, late of said county, deceased, has applied for exemption personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and will pass upon the the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 18th day of October, 1869, at my office in McDonough, Ga.

GEO. M. NOLAN,
oct7-d1t&w3t—printers fee $3 Ordinary.

Official Notices

A PROCLAMATION.

$1,000 REWARD.

GEORGIA:

By Rufus B. Bullock, Governor of Said State.

Whereas, S. J. Bush, Coroner of Wilkinson county, has reported to this Department, under date 23d September, instant, that a murder was committed in said county of Wilkinson on the 13th instant, upon the person of L. A. Golden, as is alleged by one R. N. Nelson, and that the said Nelson has fled from justice; and,

Whereas, the said Coroner further reports to me that the civil officers of said county of Wilkinson have used their utmost exertions in apprehending the murderer, but without success:

Now, therefore, I have thought proper to issue this, my Proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said R. N. Nelson, with evidence sufficient to convict, to the Sheriff of said county of Wilkinson.

And I do moreover charge and require all officers in this State, civil and military, to be vigilant in endeavoring to apprehend the said R. N. Nelson, in order that he may be brought to trial for the crime with which he stands charged.

Given under my hand and the great seal of State, at the Capitol, in Atlanta, this 28th day of September, in the year of our Lord, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-Nine, and of the Independence of the United States the Ninety-Fourth.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.

By the Governor:
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

The said Nelson is about 28 years of age, thin visaged, light complexion, has red goatee and moustache, weighs about 135 pounds, and has lost two fingers off his right hand. sep30—d3t&w1t

A PROCLAMATION.

$1,000 REWARD.

GEORGIA:

By Rufus B. Bullock, Governor of Said State.

Whereas, It has been officially communicated to this Department, that on the night of the 24th August, ult., Dr. H. H. Harley was shot at and killed while engaged in writing at his residence, in the county of Glynn, in this State, by a party or parties unknown; and,

Whereas, the Foreman of the Grand Jury of said county of Glynn, certifies to me that no evidence sufficient to warrant the arrest of any party has come to the knowledge of said body, and that it is their desire, as well as the desire of all good citizens of Glynn county, to bring the murderer to justice; and,

Whereas, the said Foreman of the said Grand Jury, in accordance with a resolution of that body, suggests the offering of a suitable reward as a means of insuring the arrest of the assassin or assassins of the said Dr. H. H. Harley:

Now, therefore, in order to vindicate the majesty of the law and the sacredness of human life, and in order the more certainly to bring to speedy trial and punishment, the guilty party or parties, I, Rufus B. Bullock, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of this State, and of the Militia thereof, have thought proper to issue this, my Proclamation, hereby offering a Reward of One Thousand Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the person or persons engaged in the perpetration of this atrocious murder, as hereinbefore recited, with evidence sufficient to convict, to the Sheriff of said county of Glynn.

And I do moreover charge and require all officers of this State, civil and military, to be vigilant in endeavoring to apprehend the said party or parties, in order that they may be brought to trial and punishment.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol in Atlanta, this 28th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-Nine, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the Ninety-Fourth.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK,
Governor.

By the Governor:
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

The said Mobley is about 25 years of age, 6 feet high, sandy colored hair, freckled complexion, and weighs about 150 pounds.

The said Tidwell has dark hair, ruddy complexion, and dark eyes; is about 5 feet 10 inches in height, and weighs 130 pounds sep29-d3&w1t

A PROCLAMATION.

$1,000 REWARD.

GEORGIA:

By Rufus B. Bullock, Governor of said State.

Whereas, official information has been received at this Department, that a murder was committed in the town of Cartersville, county of Bartow, in this State, on the 24th instant, upon the person of Richard Smith, as is alleged by one Green Spencer, and that the said Spencer has fled from justice; and,

Whereas, the Sheriff of said county of Bartow certifies to me that he has exercised all diligence, and used every means in his power to apprehend the said Green Spencer and bring him to justice, but without avail; and that the offering a suitable reward is essential as a means of making certain the arrest of the said Green Spencer:

Now, therefore, I have thought proper to issue this, my Proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said Green Spencer, with evidence sufficient to convict, to the Sheriff of said county of Bartow.

And I do moreover charge and require all officers in this State, civil and military, to be vigilant in endeavoring to apprehend the said Green Spencer, in order that he may be brought to trial for the crime with which he stands charged.

Given under my hand and the great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Atlanta, this 28th day of October, in the year of our Lord, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-Nine, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the Ninety-Fourth.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.

By the Governor:
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

The said Spencer is about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, fair complexion, blue eyes, and weighs about 125 or 130 pounds.

sep30-d3t-w1t

A. C. LADD,

DEALER IN THE MOST APPROVED

Ligtning Rods of the Day,

No. 17 Alabama Street,

ATLANTA ..... GEORGIA.

Twelve years' experience.

T. A. CHASTAIN. W. K. FOX.

CHASTAIN & FOX,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FURNITURE DEALERS,

NO. 4, GRANITE BLOCK,

Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WE have now in Store the best assorted Stock of Furniture in the city, which we offer at prices that defy competition, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom, and Office Furniture in suits or single.

BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS,

SIDEBOARDS, 1-4 MARBLE AND FULL MARBLE,

BOOK-CASES, WARDROBES,

HAT RACKS, WASHSTANDS, ETC.,

PLAIN AND MARBLE TOP.

The Largest Lot of Chairs that was ever in the city at one time, all of which we offer at

WHOLESALE FACTORY PRICES IN LOUISVILLE, KY., ETC.

Now is your time to Buy Cheap and Good Bargains. We are determined to sell goods lower than can be bought here. Dealers will do well to examine our Stock before going North, as they will save cost of transportation. Ladies especially are invited to call and examine this stock. Don't forget the place,

GRANITE BLOCK BROAD STREET.

sep30-d3m

Miscellaneous.

Riding Wagon for Sale.

FOR SALE at Auction at Barrett & Griffin's, at 10 o'clock, Thursday Morning,

A 2-HORSE SUNDOWN,

Good and strong. oct6

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 7.

R. M. ROSE & Co.—Wholesale Dealers in pure Wines and Liquors, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—With *new type, improved presses,* and skilled workmen, we are prepared to execute Job Work in a *superior manner,* at prices sure *to suit,* at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. All we ask is a trial.

New Advertisements. — Large Auction Sale, this morning—J. H. Barrett.
Sales of Valuable City Property—G. W. Adair.
Whitehall Street Stores for Sale—G. W. Adair.
Employment Agency—Duttou & Smith.
Rockland Distilled Whisky—L. J. Parr.
Exemption Personalty of Sarah Teel—G. M. Nolan.

DR. PORTER.—Dr. Porter has arrived in the city, and taken rooms at the American Hotel, where he can be consulted.

DULL, DRY AND DUSTY.—Local items are dull, the weather is dry, and the streets are decidedly dusty.

SOW BARLEY.—The turnip crop having proved a failure, we advise our readerr to sow barley. It will repay them for the tronble, on good soil.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT.—Dr. O. S. Phrophitt has removed from Covington to Atlant, and can be found at the corner of Broad and Walton streets. We welcome the Doctor to the Gate City.

SILVER CREEK MILLS.—The celebrated Silver Creek Mills brand of Flour, is manufactured at Rome, by Messrs. Jones & McEntire, and can be had of Langston & Crane, agents for this city. We have tried the Flour and know it to be good.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—*Hon. John Erskine, Presiding.*—But little was done in this Court yesterday, save the taking of plain verdicts in civil suits, and argument on law points. The Court will probably adjourn to day or tomorrow.

NEW FIRM.—Mr. G. H. Culberson has been associated with J. H. Barrett, in the auction and real estate business, and the firm will be known in future as J. H. Barrett & Co. We wish the new firm success.

TO BE REMOVED.—The pump on Alabama, between Broad and Whitehall streets, is to be removed, and one of the improved pattern (Alderman Mahoney's design) substituted for it. The change is a desirable one.

THE CONCORDIA ASSOCIATION.—This excellent Association gives a performance on the 13th instant. From the character of their dramatic performances hitherto, we may safely promise a rich treat to all who go on the 13th.

THE MATRIMONIAL FEVER RAGING.—On Tuesday evening, Mr. James Starke was married, at the residence of T. S. Wood, to Miss Lizzie Trimble, by Rev. R. W. Fuller. The happy couple left on the same evening on a bridal tour to Augusta. Yesterday, Mr. J. Achuff was married by Justice Thomas Spencer to a Miss Caudle.

"SHARP AND QUICK."—Yesterday morning Marcus Ashley stepped into the clothing store of J. L. Cohen and examined several coats with the ostensible object of purchasing one. But thinking that Mr. Cohen did not see him, he slipped one into his carpet-bag and left. Mr. Cohen had him arrested immediately and brought before Justice Spencer for trial. He was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $20, or work in the chain-gang for three months. In less than two hours after committing the offense he was lodged in jail, tried and convicted.

THE COTTON STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—In all respects, this is a home company, with an actual deposit of securities, worth, by certificate of the Comptroler General, $100,000 in the market, which can not be touched by the officers of the Company, who are compelled, by the charter, to keep that amount intact. This principle of deposit, under the control of the State authorities, is the prime element of strength of the New York Companies, and the cause of their popularity. This Company is managed by gentlemen who are known in reference to their solid moneyed capital, business qualifications, and *financial integrity.* The features of insurance are made to meet the progress of the age. Terms as liberal as those of any Company.

ATLANTA.—Dr. F. J. S. Gorgas, editor of the American Journal of Dental Science, in the September number of that journal, in speaking of the session of the Southern Dental Association in this city, says: "The Association was happy in the choice of Atlanta as the place of its first meeting, for more *true hospitality* has never been extended to any professional gathering, than that which its members experienced from the citizens of this enterprising Southern city. The City Council of Atlanta, besides the free use of the City Hall, provided a sumptuous dinner, which was highly appreciated. A number of ladies graced the table with their presence, and several members of the City Council and the Medical Faculty of Atlanta. Among the guests present, we were pleased to meet Prof. J. P. Logan, late of Baltimore. To Mr. Samuel Hape, and the members of the Dental Profession residing in Atlanta, the Association is under many obligations for kindness and courtesies extended."

Local and Business Notices.

NOTICE.—Col. T. M. Acton, is the duly authorized traveling Agent of THE CONSTITUTION, and we commend him to the attention of our friends wherever he may go in behalf of our interest.

SEA TERRAPIN SOUP served at the National Hotel Restaurant at 11 o'clock to-day.

TO RENT.—A large and commodious storeroom, well fitted up, adapted for dry goods trade, on Peachtree street, between Marietta and Walton streets. Possession given at once. For terms, etc., apply at this office. oct7-3t

GREAT SALE OF BUSINESS PROPERTY TO-DAY.—At 4 o'clock this evening, Col. G. W. Adair will sell that large store on Alabama street, occupied by Lowry & Son, and afterward that splendid unimproved property corner of Broad and Alabama streets, diagonally opposite the Post-office.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.—A fine top buggy, nearly new. Apply at this office. oct6-3t

CINCINNATI Lager at Dutch Pete's Whitehall street. sept10-d1m

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS are receiving a large and well selected stock of dress goods, poplins, delaines, etc., to which they call the attention of the ladies. oct 3-d5t

SEED BARLEY.—We are just in receipt of two car loads choice Barley, selected expressly for seed. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
LANGSTON & CRANE.
oct1-d6t Atlanta, Ga.

IF YOU WISH TO BUY READY-MADE CLOTHING, call on M. & J. Hirsch, 77 Whitehall street, where you will find a large stock at prices to suit the times. oct6-d1w

1,000 bags White and Yellow Corn for sale at depot cheap, in order to save storage. Apply to A. K. SEAGO,
oct6-3t

DO YOU WANT HEALTH? AND WHO DOES NOT?—If so, be advised, USE DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA and QUEEN'S DELIGHT, the great alterative and blood purifier. There is no mystery about the universal success that attends its use. It is the finest selection of tonic, anti-billious, anti-scorbutic, aperient and purifying HERBS, ROOTS and BARKS that ever entered into any medicinal compound.
oct 3-d1w

FRESH ARRIVALS.—Phillips & Flanders are now receiving a large and well selected stock of fall and winter goods, boots, shoes and all goods usually kept in a first-class house. Call and examine our stock before making your purchases. We consider it no trouble to show goods. oct 3-d5t

DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD has removed his office to Patillo's iron-front building, next door to Holbrook's hat store, Whitehall street. Residence at Mrs. Overby's, Granite Block, Broad street. oct6-1m

UP IN A BALLOON—HAPPY AS A BIG SUNFLOWER.—Editors, reporters, merchants, express-men, and others, are using the Memorandum Cases, and all are pleased with them. Fresh paper easily adjusted, when necessary.
A greenback size for ladies—large enough to carry funds when shopping. Good thing to keep wash list. Write name plainly. Only $1.00. Address
for $1.00. Address
WM. R. HANLEITER,

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 6, 1869.

Cotton Market.

Market quiet at 23a23¼ for middlings, 22 for low middlings, 21 for good ordinary. Receipts about 100 bales.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at ¼c off, selling at par. Gold, buying at 1 29 selling, 1 32; Silver, buying, 1 20, selling, 1 25; Gold Dust, buying 1 10, selling, 1 15; Bullion, buying 1 25, selling, 1 30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Our Market.

Leading articles in fair consumptive demand, at unchanged quotations. Business active, and a cheering prospect for a heavy fall trade. The supplies are ample.

Grain Market.

Corn in fair supply and easier, at 1 40 at the depot by the car load, 1 42 for prime white in small lots. Wheat may be quoted at 1 40a1 50 for prime red, and 1 50a1 60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 75a80c. Rye in good supply at 1 50.

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 12c; not peeled 6a7c; Apples 4a5c.

Bacon Market.

Bacon remains firm; clear sides, 21½a21¾c; clear rib sides, 21¼a21½; shoulders, 18a18¼; plain hams, sound, 21a22; canvased hams 22a25. Lard, tierces, 22; kegs, 23.

Flour Market.

No change in the market, and we quote: Atlanta Mills, (new) fancy, 10 00 per bbl; Extra family, 9 00; Family, 8 50; Fulton, XXXX, 8 00; Superfine, 7 30; Georgia, XXXX, 6 80; Ship Stuff 1 35 per 100 pounds; City Mills, Pride of Dixie, per bbl. 10 50; Family, 9 00; Extra, 9 00; Superfine, 7 00; Crown flour, 9 50a10 00; Holston Family, 8 00a8 50; Super, 7 00; Gate City, fancy, 9 00a10 00; Home, extra family, 8 50a9 00.

Cow Feed.

Peas, 1 60; pea meal, 1 70; oil meal, 5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1 85a2 00 per 100 lbs.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal in active demand, at 1 50a1 60. Rice, 9a9½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 17½a18c; Tallow 12a15c. A. Sugar, 18c; Extra C, 17½; Yellow, C, 17; Brown, 15½a16. Rio Coffee, 22a25½. Beeswax, 38a40. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 3 20. None in market. N. O. Syrup, 85a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 20c; Factory, 21c; English dairy, 24c. Goshen butter 42c.

Powder and Shot.

Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 40; buck, 3 75.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 28a32c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 10c; hand made, 9c.

Dry Goods Market.

Allens, 13½; Sprague, 13½; Pacific 13½, Lancaster, 13½; Wamsutta, 9½; Amoskeag, 12½. Ticking, Penfield, 12½; Croton, 12½; Eagle (32 inch) 22; Chattahoochee, ¾, 20; Chattahoochee, ⅞, 23; Hamilton, 25; Chesterdock, A, 22½; Kellyville, 33; Gate City (36 inch) 37.

Factory Goods.

Brown Shirtings, ⅞, 13½c; B. Shirting, 4-4, 15½c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7½a11; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 13½a24; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 21; Troup, 24a25; Yarns, 2 00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½a70; Good medium, 70a80; Fine, 90a1 00; Choice, 1 25; Leaf, 25c.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1 25a1 40 as to proof; Bourbon 1 40a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a12 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a5 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry, salted, 18a20c; dry flint, 19a25c.

Hardware Market.

We quote Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 6 00; 3s, common, 7 00; 3s, fine, 9 00. Plow steel, 12½c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 8a8½ per pound. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal.. 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a1 40 Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene, 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

Country Produce.

Demand for vegetables great, and supply very meagre. Butter—little in market; good article will command 40a50 cents per lb. Eggs scarce at 30 cents per dozen. Chickens 25a35 cents. Sweet potatoes 1 50 per bushel. Irish potatoes 4 00 per barrel.

Local Receipts.

Received per Western and Atlantic Railroad to-day. 7 car loads of corn, 6 of lumber, 3 of wheat, 2 of flour, 2 of bacon, and a number with mixed freight.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—Galileo invented the telescope; Columbus discovered a new world, and to Professor Morse is due the credit of teaching the lightning how to talk, but it was reserved to Dr. J. Bradfield to penetrate the mystic depths of science, and drag therefrom the wonder of our century. The victory has been won, and woman is free.
The sale of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is unprecedented in the history of popular remedies, and thousands of certificates are coming in from grateful women, throughout the Union, attesting its powers and applauding its untold benefits to their sex. dtf

A HIGHLY INTELLIGENT LADY, a resident of Syracuse, N. Y., says that she was afflicted nearly a year, periodically, with derangement of the circulation, the blood rushing to the lungs with such force as to threaten congestion and death. This was attended with the most intense pain in all parts of the body. Failing to obtain relief from any of the physicians whom she employed from time to time, she was induced to try the Plantation Bitters, and to her surprise and joy they have relieved her, and she is now in good health and flesh.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Colonge, and sold at half the price. oct5-deod1w&w1t

☞ Gil Blas, the Spanish comic paper, has a cartoon representing Olosaga leading forward the Duke of Edinburgh and pointing out to him the empty throne, over which, after the story of Damocles, there is a sword suspended by a hair. The Prince is in the attitude of eyeing it through a glass, and remarking, "Yes, it is very pretty, but for my part I don't like up-

A. T. STEWART.

His Views on the Gold Bobble, and Boutwell's Policy.

In its passage round the room the eye passes from the pleasant face and genial eyes of Judge Hilton to the certainly not unpleasant face of A. T. Stewart. The two men are types of different races, the American and the Ulster Celt. Mr. Stewart is a quiet, gentlemanly-looking blonde, apparently not much past middle age, wearing a pointed beard, such as might be cut from the portrait of a mediæval saint. The face is mild, hardly *spirituel*, but still without any of those traces of passion which sordidness should impress on it. Those who see him for the first time can hardly realize his history. Yet he has a history. Its epochs are climatic—a youth, aspiring, struggling with difficulties; an early manhood of trial, yet hopeful and resolute, with a field before him, an opportunity and a knowledge of his strength; a full-blown manhood of success, well won, well deserved, well worn; a middle age adorned with some public benefactions and crowned with many triumphs; his prudence recognized by a place in the Cabinet, the importance of his views by their publication in the World.

"I presume Judge Hilton has informed you of the object of my visit, Mr. Stewart?"

"Yes, but while I do not object to state my views on these points, I must require that nothing shall be attribted to me that I do not say."

"Certainly, sir. It shall not be done in the World. I shall write out the questions and take your answers to them, and then lay them before you for revision or correction. That seems sufficient."

"Very well."

"I have been instructed to ask your opinion on the present important crisis in financial circles. The public wish to know what effect you think the recent operations in Wall street will have on the commercial interests of the country.

"I can not regard them as otherwise than disastrous to our commercial interests. In the first places, they interfere with and confuse our values by rendering uncertain the price of gold. But to this there is added another reason, in the demoralizing effect which it must produce."

"What, in your opinion, has been the effect of the policy by which, during the last six months, but especially during the recent crisis, the sale of bonds to purchase gold has been dictated?"

"I disapproved of the policy of selling gold and purchasing bonds with the proceeds, believing, as I do, that it will never lead us, as it is probably meant to lead us, to specie payment. Such a policy would not lead us to such a result in ten years—no, nor a hundred. The purchase of bonds with gold gives the speculators means to carry on their operations. This policy is unquestionably of great benefit to those who have no means of their own. While solvent men will entirely oppose this policy, it will be approved of by those who are shaky."

These are Mr. Stewart's own words. Taken from him and written out in his presence, they were read to him, rewritten out, revised, and in a phrase or two toned down. Substantially, as well as literally, they are his words.

The writer rose to go. Judge Hilton said, "Boutwell will hardly like it. It will make some sensation."

"O yes; some. Good afternoon, Judge. I am much obliged."

"Good afternoon."

Sensation? One would think so. It is the strongest and most disinterested friend of the administration striking his breast and singing *mea culpa:* before Monday morning there will be telegraphed throughout the republic that by its earliest friend and first choice the Government of General Grant has been indicted, judged, and found something worse than wanting when the nation was hurrying towards financial ruin.—*N. Y. World.*

Articles of Fancy Work at the State Fair.

OFFICE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,
MACON, GA., October 4, 1869.

Mr. Lewis' compliments to Mrs. Blackshear. In reply to her note of 1st instant, I will say:

1. There will be ample opportunity for selling articles of fancy work, and all other kinds, under regulations securing all fairness to the parties. Parties can make private sales, but must give notice at the office of the Secretary, or transfer in writing the owner's receipt to the purchaser.

2. The Society is responsible and will promptly pay all damages done to articles injured while in its care or under exhibition, except, of course, when the injury is the result of the carelessness of the owner. Extra attention and means of protection are always afforded for articles of delicate texture and finish.

3. Parties at a distance who wish to exhibit fancy or other articles, and who can not attend, can send them by railroad or express to the Secretary of the Agricultural Society. They will be carefully arranged and exhibited, and the Society becomes responsible for the safe return thereof, from the moment they are received and receipted for by the Secretary.

4. Persons exhibiting should, in all cases, take the receipt of the Secretary, and return the receipt when the articles are re-delivered to the owner.

5. Freight by railroad or express must be prepared, in all cases, to insure attention.

6. A charge of two dollars for exhibiting any article, or any number of articles, by the same person. The payment of the two dollars entitles the holder to a card, which gives the privileges of the ground and buildings without further charge.

Very respectfully,
DAVID W. LEWIS, Secretary.
To Mrs. M. Blackshear, Macon, Ga.

Geo. W. Paschall, writing from Washington to the Texas voters, says: "Now, I entreat the extremists who, like Davis wanted to disfranchise the whole ninety regiments, to say nothing of Magruder's "home guards," who have borne arms in the "lost cause," and those other extremists who are so earnest in the support of the "white man's government," only to meet and shake hands over the capital joke of excluding 50,000 Rebels, and 46,000 colored men from the polls."

The following is among the latest political tricks in Pennsylvania as it is recorded in the Philadelphia Age—Democratic organ:

Why Geary invited some Democrats to go to the Louisville Convention appears by the fact that it is held on our election day—the 12th of October. Besides the list of delegates printed in the papers, many more have been privately appointed—most of them Democrats. "You are particularly requested to be at Louisville on the 12th of October."

Special Notices.

☞ NOTICE.—THE CURB-STONES authorized by the City Council to be laid on Whitehall, Broad, Peachtree and adjacent streets having been commenced, property owners are hereby notified to make immediate arrangements to have the side-walks flagged on said streets, in accordance with the action of the City Council.
S. R. MCCAMY,
Chairman Street Committee.
September 30, 1869—dtf

☞ ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS cures all Female Complaints.
Cures wife, daughter and mother.
Cures cases pronounced incurable.
Cures all irregular uterine actions.
Cures hysterics and Chlorosis.
Cures diseases peculiar to females.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & Co.,
Sold by Druggists. Prop'rs. Memphis, Tenn.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&W1m

☞ BUCHU.—THIS WONDERFUL medicine has gained a world-wide fame for the cure of affections of the kidneys and bladder, and all who require it are in search of the best. Dromgoole & Co.'s Buchu, prepared by regular Physicians of Memphis, Tenn., is recognized as the best and cheapest. Price $1. Sold by druggists everywhere.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&W1m

☞ DO YOU SHAKE? USE KING of Chills.
King of Chills never fails to cure.
Dumb and Congestive Chills cured with King of Chills.
King of Chills is the malarial antidote.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&W1m

☞ YOUR LIVER.—IF YOUR LIVER is torpid and your bowels constipated, take one dose of Droomgoole & Co.'s Liver Pills, and they will act so well and pleasantly you will have no others. They are the best purgative you ever used.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.

Macon Notices.

Hardeman & Sparks,

MACON, Georgia.

IN tendering their services again to their planting friends as

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

deem it wholly unnecessary to make promises as to their willingness and ability to serve them faithfully and advantageously.
Their long experience, and the large patronage which has ever been extended the

HOUSE,

is proof conclusive, that they deserve the confidence of the planting community, and by prompt and honest attention to their interest, they intend to merit, in the future, the patronage so liberally given them in the past.

Orders for Supplies

PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

And the usual facilities extended to those who entrust their business with us.
O. G. SPARKS,
aug29-d3m T. HARDEMAN, JR.

Macon and Western Railroad.

ATLANTA, July 1, 1869.

WE have arranged a regular system of through tickets from Atlanta to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Jacksonville and Tallahassee, Fla., via Savannah.
Baggage checked through. Only one change cars south of Atlanta.
Also, a system of

EXCURSION TICKETS,

at very reduced rates, good from date, until the first day of October next, from Atlanta, Macon and intermediate stations, to the INDIAN SPRING (Forsyth,) and from Macon and intermediate stations, to Marietta and Newnan.
WM. A. FULLER, G. T. Agent.
H. W. BRONSON, M. T.
july1-d3m

NEW MUSIC STORE,

No. 84 Mulberry Street,

MACON, GEORGIA.

G. P. GUILFORD. J. W. BURKE & CO.

BURKE, GUILFORD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

PIANO FORTES, ORGANS,

And all Kinds of

Musical Instruments and Merchandise.

ALSO, SHEET MUSIC,

OF ALL THE AMERICAN PUBLISHERS.

WE will keep a full supply of all New Music, and Music Books of every variety.

TUNING AND REPAIRING.

Mr. Guilford, who has had fifteen years experience in the business, will give special attention to tuning and repairing Pianos and Organs.
Mr. Guilford has just returned from an extensive tour among the various Piano Manufactories North and East, and having become familiar with the various Pianos of the country, has selected from the best makers, and will guarantee all Pianos sold. We have 7-Octave Pianos at prices ranging from $450 to $800.

OLD PIANOS

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW ONES.

We intend to make this establishment the Musical Emporium of Georgia, and we feel satisfied that the citizens of Macon and vicinity will sustain us in this enterprise. All orders filled with promptness. Liberal discounts to Teachers and Dealers. Catalogues sent free on application.
Address, BURKE, GUILFORD & CO.,
sep16 d1m 81 Mulberry st., Macon, Ga.

DR.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR Medicine for Dyspepsia, Headache Jaundice, Costiveness, Camp Dysentery, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Fever, Nervousness, hills, Diseases of the Skin, Impurity of the Blood Melancholy or Depression of Spirits

Most of the ailments here enumerated have their origin in a diseased liver, which is the most prevalent affection in this country, and as in many cases the patient is not within the reach of a physician, it requires that some remedy should be provided that would not in the least impair the constitution, and yet be active and safe. That such is the character of the SIMMONS REGULATOR there can be no doubt, which the testimony of hundreds will establish.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED

LIVER. Pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade is mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the foregoing symptoms appear. It is a purely vegetable compound, is not injurious to the most delicate constitutions, and will keep the liver in healthy action if used properly.

Persons living in unhealthy localities may avoid all bilious attacks by taking a dose occasionally to keep the liver in healthy action.

Regulator For children complaining of colic, headache, or sick stomach a teaspoonful or more will give relief. Children, as well as adults, eat sometimes too much supper, or eat something which does not digest well, producing sour stomach, heart-burn, or restlessness; a good dose will give relief. This applies to persons of all ages.

Many persons, from eating too much, are restless at night, or in day time fidgety, wool-gathering, can't understand what they read, can't keep their thoughts on any one subject so as to reason well, or become fretful. One or two tablespoonful will give relief.

Jaundice.—Take enough Regulator after eating each meal to produce one full action from the bowels every day.

Pregnant ladies will find sure relief from their headache, costiveness, swimming in the head, colic, sour stomach, restlessness, etc., etc.

Prepared only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Druggists, Macon, Ga.
Price $1: by mail $1 25. may9-d&w6m

DENISON'S
Condition Powders
FOR
HORSES, MULES,
Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by
D. M. DENISON,
COLUMBUS, GA.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.
For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
REDWINE & FOX,
oct23-d1y Atlanta Ga,

N. M. R.

Saloon and Restaurant.

DEALER in Tropical Fruits, and the best of Wines, Liquors, Ales and Cigars, constantly on hand. Restaurant open to the public at all seasonable hours. Bill of Fare, everything that the Markets afford.
N. M. ROBINSON,
Mitchell st., 4 doors from Whitehall.
oct1-d1w

Boots, Shoes, Etc.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

SIGN OF

BIG IRON BOOT,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
aug12 nov1-d1y

HENRY BANKS, DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, SOLE & UPPER LEATHER. ALSO SHOE FINDINGS. NO. 6 PEACHTREE STREET. ATLANTA, GA.

TAKE

THE first opportunity to go into the Shoe and Leather Store of I. T. Banks, and learn what cash purchases, cash sales and strict attention to business will do in the way of low prices. You will follow safe

COUNSEL

If you buy there, for his clerks are not allowed to recommend any article beyond its merits.

WITH

The greatest variety of goods, many of which are custom-made, you can hardly fail of being pleased. To the Gentlemen who read this, we will say

YOUR

Needs are just now supplied by the late arrival of Men's French Calf, hand-sewed, square and bevel edge, and double sole, and double upper Boots Also, Men's French Calf single and double sole Pegged Boots, which are to be sold for no fault. Exercise your

REASON

In this matter, and it is all we ask.
I. T. BANKS,
Rawson's Building,
sep 18 Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Baltimore Notices.

FALL—1869!

MILLINERY GOODS

IMPORTANT TO THE TRADE.

WE have now in Store a Full Stock, consisting of Ribbons, all widths, Colors, Qualities and Varieties.

SILKS, CRAPES,
SATINS, VELVETS,
MALINES, NETS,
SILK, VELVET,
FANCY AND STRAW HATS,
ALL STYLES AND COLORS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
ORNAMENTS, ETC.

We shall keep, throughout the season, a large supply of Trimmed Bonnets and Hats of the latest styles and shapes, as they arrive from Paris. Kidd's Bonnet Frames, etc. Cash Buyers will find it to their interest to examine our Stock, as we are offering extra inducements to that class.
CRANE & DIBBELL,
249 W. Baltimore street,
sep16-d3m Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE REGALIA EMPORIUM.

SISCO BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS of Regalia, Jewels, Lodge Paraphernalia, etc., for Masons, I. O. O. F., Red Men, Knights of Pythias, and all other Societies. Banners, Flags, Ship Signals, etc. 14 North Charles Street, corner Fayette, Baltimore, Maryland. Price list Furnished upon application.
aug20-d3m

GEO. PAGE & CO.,

No. 5 N. Schroeder, St., Baltimore, Md.

MANUFACTURERS of Page's Improved Patent Portable Circular Saw Mills, Stationary and Portable Steam Engines and Boilers, Grist Mills, Shingle Machines, Lath and Slab Machinery, Saw Gummers, Horse Powers, Shafting, Pullies, etc. Dealers in Circular Saws, and mill supplies generally, and manufacturers' agents for every description of Wood Working Machinery. Our Independent and Simultaneous Head Blocks, patented Dec. 15, 1868, and improved Friction Feed, patented July 13, 1869, in addition to previous patents, make our Saw Mills stand unrivalled. Estimates and plans furnished, and contracts entered into for the erection of Circular, Gang, Mulay or Sash Mills. Correspondence solicited, and catalogues furnished on application, by mail or otherwise. mly7-d1y

Established 1850.

LAWRENCE D. DEITZ & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,

Hosiery, Gloves, etc.,

308 W. BALTIMORE St.,

Between Howard and Liberty,

oct1-d3m *BALTIMORE.*

RICHARD MORTON. WILLIAM REED.
CLARENCE M. JACKSON.

MORTON, REED & CO.,

No. 65 S. Gay Street, Baltimore.

RAILWAY and Machinists supplies of every kind, Metals, Machinery, Tools, etc. Leather Belting and Gum Goods, Car Springs, etc. Lubricating Oils, Brass Goods, Bolts, Nuts, etc. sep30-d3m

BAGGING, BURLAP BAGS, etc.

WM. B. COOPER, JR., & CO., Importers, 99 Pearl and 62 Stone streets, New York, offer for sale at lowest market rates, in lots to suit purchasers—
DUNDEE BAGGING, BURLAPS,
GUNNY CLOTH, BURLAP BAGS,
GUNNY BAGS, JUTE HEMP.
Bonco Bagging, Jute Butts. All kinds of Grain Sacks constantly on hand. sep26-d1m

SAMUEL KIRK & SON,

172.....W. BALTIMORE STREET.....172

Baltimore, Maryland.

Manufacturers of Elegant

Silver-Ware, Watches and Fine Jewelry.

ESTABLISHED 1817.

sep26-d3m

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S

Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:
No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,
Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker Co., Ga., June 29, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and ave daily use for some article of the kind. I am ree to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D's, but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood this country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,
JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparrilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.
I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.
Capt. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1865, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.
Respectfully, JENNIE JOHNSON

BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 23, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sar

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

IN QUIET DAYS.

The dying year grows strangely mild:
Now in lazy autumn weather
My heart is like a happy child,
And life and I, friends reconciled,
Go over the hills together.

My peaceful days run sweet and still,
As waters slipping over sand,
Seeking the shadows of free will,
To gather tenderer lights than fill
Day's over lavish hand.

The summer wood with music rings,
The singer's is a troubled breast;
I am no more the bird that sings,
But that which broods with folded wings
Upon its quiet nest.

Oh, fairest month of all the year!
Oh, sweet days in life! they melt:
Within, without, in autumn cheer,
September there, September here,
So tranquil and so sweet.

Oft have I watched all night with grief,
All night with joy, and which is best?
And both were sharp, and both were brief,
My heart was like a wind-blown leaf,
I give them both for rest.

Fair Quiet, close to joy allied,
But loving shadier walks to keep,
By day is ever at my side:
And all night long with me abide
Peace and her sister Sleep.

[*Harper's Magazine.*

Varieties.

Brigham Young has 5,000 pounds of wife.

A kiss is said to have a speaking virtue; the only word we ever heard it utter was "smack."

Governor Ashley, of Montana, is for woman suffrage.
What can be the pay?

Between the months of June and September Miss Ida Lewis is said to have received four eligible offers of marriage.

Only fancy! eighteen women in the public lecturing field, in addition to those in the Caudle line. This is terrible.

General Jeff. Thompson, an ex-Confederate, widely known, is engineer for the Louisiana Board of Public Works.

Miss Midy Morgan is the cattle market reporter of the Times. She is an Irish lady of 39, a splendid horse-woman, and a friend of Charlotte Cushman.

An old hitching post has been found in Norwich, C., six feet below the surface, around which the old settlers used to play marbles more than half a century ago.

Missouri girl brought a recreant lover to terms in Omaha the other day by presenting a revolver and the remark that she had five more left.

The latest exploit of a pictorial is a cut representing a railroad conductor sticking his head in a car and shouting "Indianapolis, fifteen minutes for divorces."

Fung Yang, a Chinese bottle holder is traveling in California with the Carl Schurz troupe. Fung can drink lager in four different languages.

"The arrangements of nature are admirable," exclaimed a young lady during the late high winds. "The same wind which disarranges our crinoline, blows dust into the eyes of the wicked young men who would take advantage of our confusion." Truly, a philosophical young lady, that.

Nothing else is talked of in this city just now than affairs in Wall street. The oldest stock houses have failed, among which are Lockwood & Co., for $6,000,000. C. A. Meigs & Son, Julian & Co., Albert Speyers & Co., Chase, McClure & Co., Reid, Leo & Carhart, Wm. Heath & Co., Smith, Martin & Gould, and a dozen others. These are all names of large houses, and the failure of each is followed by the suspension of several small houses.

San Francisco Radicals now say that closing the stores on election day lost them 3,000 votes.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.00 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.45 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.30 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets, and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.
Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 9, 1869.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—5 HULBERT, Superintendent; E. B. WALKER, Master of Transportion

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 25 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 10 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 35 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 45 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	4 15 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	11 0 0 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7:38 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	9:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11:05 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President: R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1 40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	3 10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.18 P M
Arrive at Macon	3.23 A M
Leave Macon	8.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.47 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	7 o'clock, A M
Close at	7 o'clock, P M
SUNDAYS.	
Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

J. L. DUNNING, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 7 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: JAMES L. DUNNING, Postmaster; JAMES DUNNING, Jr., Assistant Postmaster and Mailing Clerk; E. A. MCLAUGHLIN, Money Order Clerk; H. C. HOLCOMBE, Register Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; J. F. WOODWARD, Gents' Delivery; E. J. ASHFORD, Ladies' Delivery; ROBERT JOHNSON, Clerk's Assistant.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A M.	6 P.M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 " 2 P.M.	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga.	6.30 P M.	5 P.M. 6 A.M
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	6.30 P.M. 5 P. M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.30 P. M.	6 A.M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	3.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
Macon	4.15 "	6 A.M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A.M.	6 P.M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P. M.	7 A.M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.30 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.---Weekly---Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden---Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin---Semi-Weekly---Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin---Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton---Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville---Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville---Weekly---Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville---Semi-Weekly---Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly---Tuesdays.

BRAN NEW LETTERS!!

FRESH TESTIMONIALS!

DARBY'S PROPHYLACTIC FLUID!

THE ASTONISHING

Family Medicine!!!

Saved from Death---Read!

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 28, 1869.

MESSRS. J. DARBY & CO., 161 William street, New York—*Gents:* Yours, of the 23d, is before me and has attention. It gives me pleasure to say, that my *belief* is, that your "Fluid," under the supervision of a kind Providence, *saved the life of my youngest child*, some six years ago. The child being wasted to a skeleton, by the effects of teething, and an affection of the bowels therewith. *I had never seen any one reduced so low to recover.*

"Physic" had been tried in vain, until the Physicians stated it was useless. A friend recommended your "Fluid," or ozone, which "I stated was one of the component parts." I did so, and the *effect was like magic*—plainly discernable *in one hour*, in its effects, producing quiet and sleep at once, where irritation and sleeplessness had previously possessed the child. Success had previously credit in a small way, 2 and 3 at first spoonful of water, and increased it to full 10 drops. It completely checked the bowels, and had the happiest effect, the child rapidly recovering.

I have tried your "Fluid," on animals, with the same effect; both horses and cows, mingling more or less in water, and letting them drink.

I have no hesitation in saying, I believe it a specific for Chronic Diarrhœa, or any violent affection of the bowels.

I would not be without it in my family, under any consideration.

Yours, truly, WILLIAM FOWLER.

Mr. Fowler is a member of the celebrated Banking House of Fowler & Somerville, Montgomery, Alabama.

AND AGAIN!

Read the following letter from Mr. Frank Saunders, a well-known citizen, and brother-in-law of the beloved Bishop Paine, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, July 29, 1869.

MESSRS. J. DARBY & CO., 161 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK—*Gents:* About the 10th of June last, one of my children was taken with Scarlet Fever, in its most malignant form, and as soon as I could I procured your valuable disinfectant, "Darby's Prophylactic Fluid." Although it was several days after the appearance of the disease before I began using the Fluid, still, by a free use of it, the disease was not only confined to the one case, but the malignity of that case somewhat mitigated.

During the use of the Fluid, as a disinfectant, in my family it was also, tried in a case of headache, and one of toothache, the results in each case being instantaneous relief. It was afterwards tried in a case of Erysipelas, with almost equal success.

It is due to the merits of this compound, also, to state, that the case of Erysipelas in question, being located in the feet, the Fluid, in its application, was brought in frequent contact with a troublesome corn, on one of the feet, to the utter discomfiture of said corn; for, upon subsequent examination it had disappeared, and though it was sought for diligently, it could not be found.

I hand you this, hoping it may be the means of inducing others of earth's poor sufferers, to test for themselves, as I did, the great merits of this great remedy.

Very respectfull , yours,
FRANK SAUNDERS.

Never was a medicine so universally esteemed and extolled. It never fails. It may be depended on.

Every Druggist and Country Merchant keeps it. Manufactured only by

JOHN DARBY & CO.,
161 William Street, N. Y.

Wholesale Agents, REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Ga.
aug10— [apr12-d&wtf]

Miscellaneous.

FIRE, INLAND, LIFE
—AND—
Marine Insurance!

C. B. WELLBORN,

General Agent and Adjuster of Losses.

OFFICE--Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

REPRESENTING:

Aetna Fire Insurance Co., Of New York.
Merchants' Fire Insurance Company, Of Hartford, Conn.
Merchants' and Mechanics' Insurance Company, Of Baltimore,
Washington Fire Insurance Company, Of Baltimore,
Phœnix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Of Hartford, Conn.

July29-d3m

ATTENTION, FARMERS AND PLANTERS.

BUY WHITEROW'S "LITTLE EXCELSIOR CORN SHELLER," Patent August 18, 1868, because they are the cheapest, most convenient and durable Sheller yet invented. Shell, sack, separate and clean at the same time, with the labor of one man, from 40 to 60 bushels per day. Cost one-half less than Box-Shellers, and dispenses with 2 hands in running, (Box-Shellers requiring 3.) Rights for sale. Sample sent. Expressage paid on receipt of price. No. 1, $6. No. 2, $8.

Address L. G. CLOSE, at Glenn, Wright & Carr's, Atlanta, Special Agent for Georgia.

sep9 d&w2m

WE have bought the exclusive right of vending "Horseman's Patent Pocket Corn Shellers" in Georgia. County rights for sale. Correspondence solicited. Traders cautioned not to infringe upon our rights. Retail price of Machine $3. Knott & Nolan, McDonough, Ga.

For Bibb, and all counties South to Florida Line, address C. St. Averill & Son, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

L. G. CLOSE,
At Glenn, Wright & Carr's, Agent,
sept1-dawsm Atlanta, Ga.

CORN!

PROLIFIC CORN!

I have a species of Corn which I obtained from a man in Virginia some two years ago. This man and his Corn have been denounced as humbugs. I am not able to say whether the seed I obtained is the "Egyptain Corn" or not, but I do know from having grown it twice, that it is by far the most valuable species of Corn ever planted in this country. I am well satisfied that two crops of this Corn can be produced in the same year in this climate, and I know that on the same land, with the same seasons and culture, it will yield three times as much as any other kind of corn of which I have any knowledge. I have planted it for two years, and have realized large crops, literally without rain. In this exceedingly dry year, if all the farmers of Bartow County had planted this corn, we would have been worth a million of dollars more than we are, and the people would have rejoiced in abundance of bread. I have some of this Corn for sale, and will dispose of it to those who wish to purchase at $6 a peck, delivered to the Railroad Agent at Kingston, Ga.

This Corn can be grown and gathered in this climate by the 15th of August, which gives far more ample time to prepare for and sow wheat, or other small grain on the same land. All orders to receive attention must be accompanied with the money, prepaid. I do not wish to sell less than one peck to any one order. Address me at Kingston, Ga.

J. C. ROPER,
Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

We the undersigned citizens of Bartow county, do certify, that we visited the plantation of J. C. Roper about the 1st of August, 1869, and examined his field planted in the kind of Corn mentioned and described in his foregoing statement, and said field looked fresh and luxuriant, whilst the fields around and adjacent, seemed literally burned up with the drought. We are satisfied that Capt. Roper's statement about the Corn is true, and the undersigned, Lewis Tumlin, has already secured from him, seed to plant a large part of his crop the coming year. We counted twenty-three ears of corn produced from three grains this dry year. In our judgment, it is by far the most valuable Corn ever introduced into this country.

L. TUMLIN,
Cartersville, Ga.
MARK A. HARDIN,
Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

Capt. J. C. Roper, of Kingston, Ga., gave me a few ears of Corn, which I planted on a piece of gray upland. The land was very well prepared, and pretty well matured, and the Corn planted the 7th day of April, 1869. I know, that from the time the Corn was waist high, until it was well glazed in the grain, there never was a "season" of rain upon it, and yet was green and fresh until maturity, and did not seem to suffer from drought. The yield was extraordinary and the Corn attracted the attention of almost every passer by. I am no farmer, and had of course but a small plat of ground planted in this Corn, but if my judgment is worth anything, I can say, that if I had planted this Corn altogether, I would have made, in this dry year, three or four times as much Corn as I did.

GEO. N. LESTER,
oct1-dtf

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-d1y

B. A. WISE,

80 and 82 Mulberry Street,

MACON, GEORGIA,

Importer of

CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

Dealer in

COAL OIL, LAMP BURNERS AND WICK,

Would call the attention of Buyers to his Large and Splendid Stock of Goods.

PLAIN, DECORATED AND GOLD BAND DINNER AND TEA SETS.

I am Importing my Crockery direct to Savannah, and flatter myself that

I CAN OFFER MERCHAHTS AND HOUSE-KEEPERS SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES

In purchashing their Crockery, China, and Glass-ware of me.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.

☞ Goods Carefully Packed and Shipped to any part of the State.

Address: B. A. WISE,
sept8—d3m MACON, GA.

NEW CLOTHING! NEW CLOTHING!

New Store! New Goods!

NEW SYSTEM!

THE undersigned take great pleasure in informing the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country that they have opened in the large and commodious Store formerly occupied by J. H. White & Co., next door to Meador & Bro., Whitehall Street, where we intend to keep permanently one of the largest stocks of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

ever brought to this market. From our continued connection for the past thirty years, with the manufacture of Clothing, especially adapted for the Southern market, and the many facilities and advantages we enjoy in New York City, where, exclusively, we manufacture our goods, we are enabled to offer you our entire Stock, which comprises all kinds of superior goods at very low prices.

We shall have but ONE PRICE and will sell our goods for cash only. This will insure fair dealing to all. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

I. L. FALK & CO.,
Whitehall Street.
Manufactory 44 Murray Street, New York. Store in Savannah, Ga., No. 146 Congress Street and 65 St Julian Street. Store in Charleston, S. C., 157 Meeting and 303 King Street. sep12-d3m

WINSHIP & BRO.,

SUCCESSORS TO JOSEPH WINSHIP & CO.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1833.)

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS!

Manufacture Mill Machinery of all Kinds.

WINSHIP & RUSSELL'S, AND BROOK'S IMPROVED PATENT,

COTTON AND HAY PRESSES.

Gin Gearing from 8 to 12 Feet.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHING MACHINES, CANE MILLS, PLOWS, ETC.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED!

sep3-daw3m ATLANTA, GA.

J. N. ROBSON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Nos. 1 and 2 Atlantic Wharf,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

HAVING ample means for advances, a business experience of twenty years, and confining himself strictly to a Commission Business, without operating on his own account, respectfully solicits consignments of Cotton, Flour, Corn, Wheat, etc. Shippers of Produce to him may at their option have their consignments sold either in Charleston or New York, thus having the advantage of two markets, without extra commissions.

REFERENCES:

Bishop W. M. Wightman, S. C.; Rev. T. O. Summers, D. D., Tenn.; Col. Wm. Johnson, Charlotte, N. C.; Hon. John P. King, Augusta, Ga.; Messrs. Williams, Birnie & Co., New York; Messrs. G. W. Williams & Co., Charleston, S. C.

july15-d3m

Clothing at Wholesale.

R. P. S. KIMBRO & CO.,

Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.

WE beg to inform our Friends and the Public, that we are now opening the largest and choicest Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

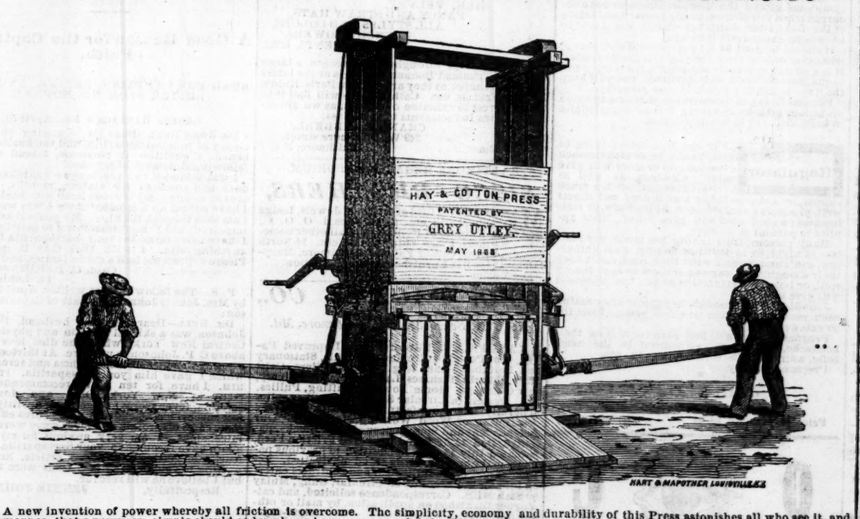
Ever offered in this City, and propose doing a Wholesale Jobbing Business. Having associated ourselves with one of the largest Manufacturing Houses of Philadelphia, we are enabled to sell goods as low as any House in the country, and respectfully invite you to call and examine our Stock, as we mean what we say in regard to low prices.

We will keep constantly on hand a full stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods for Men's Wear.

Do not fail to call and examine our Stock before making your purchasers, as we believe we can make it to your interest to buy your goods of us. R. P. S. KIMBRO & CO.

sep1-d3m Atlanta, Georgia.

"THE UTLEY COTTON PRESS."



A new invention of power whereby all friction is overcome. The simplicity, economy and durability of this Press astonishes all who see it, and the more so, that a power so simple should so long have been unappropriated. The strain is wholly upon two (2) Iron Bars 1¼ inches square, operating on these bars as if two men were pulling at each end in contrary direction, which will sustain a strain of 190,000 pounds each. With this Press two men can do all the packing or pressing of a 500 pound bale inside of eight minutes, and if need be, one man can operate, only requiring more time. This Press will not occupy more space than a Piano, and can be placed under the Gin and receive the Cotton direct from the Gin, thus doing away with Lint Rooms, and can be readily taken down and transported as it is simple and light. We can supply these Presses cheaper than any yet offered. Will send circulars to any desiring, and would advise all wanting Presses to withhold buying until they examine this. We will, at an early day, have one on exhibition in Atlanta, when it can be seen.

Press complete $175; Irons complete $125.

These presses are now being manufactured in Atlanta, Columbus, Augusta and Macon, and all important points throughout the State, where its workings can be seen. All are assured that as between this Press and any other, there is no argument as to its merits over all others. With the Irons any ordinary workman can put up the Press. ☞ County Rights, Presses, or Irons for sale by

R. P. GLENN, Agent,
At Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse, Atlanta, Ga.

R. P. GLENN, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* I am so much pleased with the style, make and operation of the Utley Cotton Press, that I have concluded to order one of them from you for my plantation on the Mississippi River.

I do this, notwithstanding I have on my place a large and superior 10 inch Iron Screw Press, which cost upwards of $300 before the war. Believing that the saving of time and space, to say nothing of its superior baling qualities, and by reason of its great power, will more than repay its cost over the one now in use. I do not hesitate to recommend this Press to all who may require one.

Very Respectfully,
A. J. HOLMES.
Atlanta, Ga.

R. P. GLENN, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* Having witnessed the operation of the "Utley Cotton Press," the great power exerted at the cost of so little labor which is performed by hand, and the small amount of room it occupies, I feel satisfied that it is as good, if not the best arrangement for baling cotton that has come under my observation, and do do not hesitate in recommending it to those needing a Press.

Very respectfully,
C. H. STRONG, of McDaniel & Strong, Warehouse and Cotton Factors, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., August 31, 1869.

R. P. GLENN, ESQ: We have examined very carefully the "Utley" Cotton and Hay Press, as manufactured by you, and are perfectly satisfied it is greatly superior to any other Press now in use. It is simple in its construction, can be readily taken down and moved to where your Cotton or Hay may be, and as readily put up again. There is nothing about it that can get out of order, that a farmer can not himself repair. We have seen it tested and know that one strong man can press a bale much smaller than four mules can on any other Press we ever saw. One advantage is, it occupies so little space that it can be placed close to the lint room, or even in it, and save extra hauling of cotton.

Very respectfully,
H. MARSHALL, Fulton County Agricultural Society.
MARK W. JOHNSON, Guano Merchant.

We, the undersigned, having witnessed the operations of the Utley Cotton Press, at the Warehouse of Glenn, Wright & Carr, must say that it is the most simple and powerful we have witnessed. With these qualities are combined economy in space and labor. Mr. R. P. Glenn, the Agent, exemplified fully that one man exerts more force in this Press, than can be done by four mules on any other. We have no hesitancy in recommending this Press to the farmers of Georgia or in giving it as our opinion that the Utley Press supplies a desideratum long needed.

CAREY W. STYLES, Albany News, Albany, Ga.
H. M. BURNS, Greenesborough Herald.
CHARLES W. HANCOCK, Sumter Republican.
C. H. C. WILLINGHAM, Editor LaGrange Reporter.
DENNIS W. D. BOULLY, Hawkinsville Dispatch.
JAMES A. WRIGHT, Washington Gazette.
JOSEPH CLISBY, Macon Daily Telegraph.
J. F. SHECUT, Georgia Farm Journal, Madison, Ga.
S. R. WESTON, Dawson Journal, Dawson, Ga.
T. A. BURKE, Daily Journal and Messenger, Macon, Ga.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Atlanta Constitution.
WM. M. MITCHELL, Middle Georgian.
H. H. JONES, Appeal, Cuthbert, Ga.
M. C. FULTON, Athens, Georgia.

COLUMBUS, GA., August 31, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Jordan arrived, with the Utley Cotton Press, by last evening's train, and put it up to-day. A great many went to see it, and looked at it's performances with astonishment. They try to criticise it, but can't pick a flaw in it. They see its great power—y t nothing is strained. Its great simplicity astonishes. All who have bought Screws regret it, and I think many will throw them away and buy the Utley Press. I will at once close contracts for wood works. So send on Irons early as possible.

Respectfully
R. B. GUNBY.

ROME, GA., September 8, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Yours of the 5th received. I am more and more pleased with the Utley Press. As I wrote you, my first bale of rags weighed 900 lbs. The next days (Friday and Saturday,) with two men, I packed 16 bales weighing 700 lbs. Now, I would not, for any consideration, exchange this Press for any other—indeed, I could not get along without it. All who see it are delighted with it. I am now packing my lint cotton with it.

J. J. COHEN.

GRIFFIN, GA., September 15, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Mr. Russ F. Johnson delivered us the Utley Press yesterday, when we at once put it up in our warehouse, and packed one bale weighing 478 lbs. This morning we packed another bale weighing 503 lbs. each, when only two men—one good man could have done it by himself. Many planters were to see it: all were delighted with it; and two of our largest (Mr. Manly and Mr. Prichard) say they will sell—one an Alexander Press, the other a most improved Screw, for $50, being one-third of their cost—and buy the Utley Press. This, sir, is the Press for the planter—it is so convenient, powerful and simple, and is so easily taken down and put up.

We cheerfully subscribe to the above.

REMA & BOYD.
ARTHUR G. PRICHARD.
T. W. MANLEY.

Railroads.

1869.

Summer Arrangement!

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE

TO THE NORTH AND EAST

—VIA—

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI

—OR—

INDIANAPOLIS

Passengers by this Route have choice of

Twenty-five Different Routes to

NEW YORK

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can visit Washington without extra charge.

☞ Fare Same as via Knoxville or Augusta.

On and After August 15th, 1869.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA

Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 7:25 p. m.,

After arrival of all Southern Trains, and make close connections to above named cities.

☞ Check Baggage to Louisville, and it will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS AT GOOD HOTELS.

ASK FOR TICKETS

VIA LOUISVILLE.

General Ticket Office, Atlanta.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
E. B. WALKER, Master Transportation.
E. B. HULBERT, Superintendent, Western and Atlantic Railway.
dec13-d

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

—BETWEEN—

ATLANTA & NEW YORK!

Philadelphia, Washington,

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES!

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic

—AND—

VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE

RAILWAYS!

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

Time Table, Aug. 15, 1869:

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7:25 P. M.
Leave Dalton	2:30 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	11:15 "
Leave Bristol	7:38 P. M.
Leave Lynchburg	9:00 A. M.
Leave Alexandria	5:45 P. M.
Leave Washington	6:30 "
Arrive at New York	6:00 A. M.

SOUTH.

Leave New York	8:40 P. M.
Leave Alexandria	7:30 A. M.
Leave Lynchburg	4:40 P. M.
Leave Bristol	5:37 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	1:14 P. M.
Leave Dalton	8:40 "
Arrive at Atlanta	3:15 A. M.

Time Between Atlanta & New York, ☞ 59 Hours and 35 Minutes.☜

☞ *The GREAT MAIL, between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.*

SLEEPING COACHES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

THROUGH TICKETS GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

Baggage Checked Through

—TO—

ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
E. B. WALKER, Master Transportation.
E. HULBERT, Superintendent,
dec13-d Western and Atlantic Railway.

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
aprils-d1f

White Lead, etc.

The Largest and Oldest White Lead and Oil Establishment in the Mississippi Valley.

CORRODERS AND GRINDERS OF STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD.

LINSEED AND CASTOR OILS.

Acetic Acid for Carbonizing Lead. Special and Fancy Brands Ground to order for the Trade.

Guarantee.

The Collier White Lead and Oil Company guarantee their Brand of Strictly Pure White to be Free from Impurities, and will pay Twenty Dollars

IN GOLD,

And cost of Analysis, for any Keg containing the slightest adulteration.

COLLIER WHITE LEAD AND OIL COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1837. SAINT LOUIS

THOS. RICHESON, President.
CHARLES K. VICKERY, Secretary.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.

Collier Strictly Pure Lead.
Collier Company's Pure Lead.
Gen. Gordon Pure Lead.
Snow Flake Pur Lead Nors.—Being Wholesale Agents for the above Company, we are prepared to offer inducements to both dealers and consumers seldom met with.

PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO.,
apr15-d6m Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Georgia.

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD!

The Strictly Pure WHITE LEAD Manufactured by this Company is not excelled in Whiteness or Fineness by any in the World

Linseed, Castor, and Cotton Seed Oils.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by
april20-d6m

TRADE MARK.

CORRODERS AND GRINDERS OF Strictly Pure *White Lead*, AND ZINC PAINTS, DRY WHITE LEAD AND RED LEAD.

W. H. PULSIFER, President.
J. E. JACOBS, Secretary.

Office and Factory: Cor. Gas and Second Streets, St. Louis.

REDWINE & FOX,
Druggists, Atlanta, Georgia.

Commission and Tobacco Merchants.

1869 1869

Jordan, Howard & Harralson,

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c.

—OF—

All the Choice Brands and Qualities

—AT—

jan7 LOWEST CASH PRICE. dly

MEADOR & BROS.,

TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS!

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

3,000 Boxes Various Brands, Styles and Qualities of Chewing and Smoking Tobaccoes,

ALL AT

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES!

We Make Cigars of the Best Material, and Guarantee the Smoking Qualities and Workmanship as Good as any Made in the United States.

Sole Agents for E. T. Pilkinton's Brands of Chewing and Smoking Tobaccoes,

FRUITS AND FLOWERS, COMMONWEALTH, &C.

aug7-d3m

Drugs, etc.

THE LIVE DRUG STORE

"The Live Drug Store."

"The Live Drug Store."

REDWINE & FOX,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS AND

—DEALERS IN—

BELGIAN French and American Window Glass. Also, French and Belgian Plate Glass for Show Windows, and Rough Plate for Floors and Skylights.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS GIVEN

When orders are taken three months in advance, so as to allow time for DIRECT IMPORTATION.

Orders Taken for all Kinds of

COLORED AND ENAMELED GLASS,

may1-aug18 d6m REDWINE & FOX.

AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

AT a meeting of Directors of the Georgia Air-Line Railroad Company, on the 17th September, 1869, it was,

Resolved, That requisition be made for payment on the Capital Stock as follows, viz: Twenty-five per cent. payable on or before the first day of October, 1869, and Thirty per cent. payable on or before the first day of November, 1869, and that the Treasurer publish such requisition at once, and urge the prompt collection of the same, with authority to give Stockholders the assurance of the Board, that upon prompt payment thereof, the First Division of twenty miles will be completed, equipped, in operation and paid for during the month of November; and the Second Division of thirty-three miles be at once put under contract